

## **Product datasheet for SC200755**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Lamin A (LMNA) (NM\_005572) Human 3' UTR Clone

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** 3' UTR Clones

Product Name: Lamin A (LMNA) (NM\_005572) Human 3' UTR Clone

Symbol: Lamin A

Synonyms: CDCD1; CDDC; CMD1A; CMT2B1; EMD2; FPLD; FPLD2; HGPS; IDC; LDP1; LFP; LGMD1B;

LMN1; LMNC; LMNL1; MADA; PRO1

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

Neomycin

**Vector:** pMirTarget (PS100062)

**ACCN:** NM\_005572

**Insert Size:** 132 bp

Insert Sequence: >SC200755 3'UTR clone of NM\_005572

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM\_005572. The complete

sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs.

Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site

GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAGGCCAAGAAGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG

TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC

CGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGG

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the

reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs).

**Components:** The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.

**RefSeg:** NM 005572.4





## Lamin A (LMNA) (NM\_005572) Human 3' UTR Clone - SC200755

**Summary:** The nuclear lamina consists of a two-dimensional matrix of proteins located next to the inner

nuclear membrane. The lamin family of proteins make up the matrix and are highly conserved in evolution. During mitosis, the lamina matrix is reversibly disassembled as the lamin proteins are phosphorylated. Lamin proteins are thought to be involved in nuclear stability, chromatin structure and gene expression. Vertebrate lamins consist of two types, A and B. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Mutations in this gene lead

to several diseases: Emery-Dreifuss muscular dystrophy, familial partial lipodystrophy, limb girdle muscular dystrophy, dilated cardiomyopathy, Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, and

Hutchinson-Gilford progeria syndrome. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2012]

**Locus ID:** 4000

MW: 4.6