

Product datasheet for **SC200715**

Growth Hormone (GH1) (NM_022560) Human 3' UTR Clone

Product data:

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Product Type: | 3' UTR Clones |
| Product Name: | Growth Hormone (GH1) (NM_022560) Human 3' UTR Clone |
| Vector: | pMirTarget (PS100062) |
| Symbol: | GH1 |
| Synonyms: | GH; GH-N; GHB5; GHN; hGH-N; IGHD1A; IGHD1B; IGHD2 |
| ACCN: | NM_022560 |
| Insert Size: | 136 bp |
| Insert Sequence: | >SC200715 3'UTR clone of NM_022560 The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM_022560. The complete sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs. Blue =Stop Codon Red =Cloning site GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAAGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC CGCTCTGTGGAGGGCAGCTGTGGCTTCTAGCTGCCCGGTGGCATCCCTGTGACCCCTCCCCAGTGCCT CTCCTGGCCCTGGAAGTTGCCACTCCAGTGCCACCAGCCTTGTCTTAATAAAATTAAGTTGCATCA ACGCGT AAGCGGCCGCGCATCTAGATTGAAGAAAATGACCGACCAAGCGACGCCAACCTGCCATCA CGAGATTCGATTCCACCGCCGCTTCTATGAAAGG |
| Restriction Sites: | Sgfl-MluI |
| OTI Disclaimer: | Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs). |
| Components: | The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in separate vials. |
| RefSeq: | <u>NM_022560.4</u> |



[View online »](#)

Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the somatotropin/prolactin family of hormones which play an important role in growth control. The gene, along with four other related genes, is located at the growth hormone locus on chromosome 17 where they are interspersed in the same transcriptional orientation; an arrangement which is thought to have evolved by a series of gene duplications. The five genes share a remarkably high degree of sequence identity. Alternative splicing generates additional isoforms of each of the five growth hormones, leading to further diversity and potential for specialization. This particular family member is expressed in the pituitary but not in placental tissue as is the case for the other four genes in the growth hormone locus. Mutations in or deletions of the gene lead to growth hormone deficiency and short stature. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Locus ID:

2688

MW:

4.7