

## Product datasheet for **SC200561**

### XPG (ERCC5) (NM\_000123) Human 3' UTR Clone

#### Product data:

Product Type:	3' UTR Clones
Product Name:	XPG (ERCC5) (NM_000123) Human 3' UTR Clone
Symbol:	XPG
Synonyms:	COFS3; ERCC5-201; ERCM2; UVDR; XPG; XPGC
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pMirTarget (PS100062)
ACCN:	NM_000123
Insert Size:	122 bp
Insert Sequence:	>SC200561 3'UTR clone of NM_000123 The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM_000123. The complete sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs. <b>Blue</b> =Stop Codon <b>Red</b> =Cloning site  GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAGGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAA <b>GCGATCGCC</b> CGTGCAGGGGAAGAAAAGGAAAAC <b>TA</b> TTAAAAAATATGTATCCTCTATAATTAGTTATGACAGCC ATTTGAATGAATTTGTCGCAAAGACGTAATAAAATTA <b>ACT</b> GGTGGCACGGTC <b>ACGCGT</b> AAGCGGCCGCGCATCTAGATTCTGAAGAAAATGACCGACCAAGCGACGCCCAACCTGCCATCA CGAGATTCGATTCCACCGCCGCTTCTATGAAAGG
Restriction Sites:	Sgfl-Mlul
OTI Disclaimer:	Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs).
Components:	The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in separate vials.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_000123.4</a>



[View online »](#)

**Summary:**

This gene encodes a single-strand specific DNA endonuclease that makes the 3' incision in DNA excision repair following UV-induced damage. The protein may also function in other cellular processes, including RNA polymerase II transcription, and transcription-coupled DNA repair. Mutations in this gene cause xeroderma pigmentosum complementation group G (XP-G), which is also referred to as xeroderma pigmentosum VII (XP7), a skin disorder characterized by hypersensitivity to UV light and increased susceptibility for skin cancer development following UV exposure. Some patients also develop Cockayne syndrome, which is characterized by severe growth defects, cognitive disability, and cachexia. Read-through transcription exists between this gene and the neighboring upstream BIVM (basic, immunoglobulin-like variable motif containing) gene. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2011]

**Locus ID:**

2073

**MW:**

4.7