

## **Product datasheet for SC200397**

## NDUFV1 (NM 007103) Human 3' UTR Clone

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** 3' UTR Clones

Product Name: NDUFV1 (NM\_007103) Human 3' UTR Clone

Symbol: NDUFV1

Synonyms: CI-51K; CI51KD; MC1DN4; UQOR1

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

Neomycin

**Vector:** pMirTarget (PS100062)

**ACCN:** NM\_007103

**Insert Size:** 126 bp

Insert Sequence: >SC200397 3'UTR clone of NM\_007103

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM\_007103. The complete

sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs.

Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site

GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAGGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG

TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC

CAGCATCAGGCCCGGCAGGCTGCCTCTTAGCCCACCACCCTGGCCTGCTGTCCTGCGTCTATCCATGTG

GAATGCTGGACAATAAAGCGAGTGCTGCCCACCCTCCAGCTGCCGCTGCTGTGACTG

**ACGCGT**AAGCGGCCGCGCATCTAGATTCGAAGAAAATGACCGACCAAGCGACGCCCAACCTGCCATCA

CGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGG

**Restriction Sites:** Sgfl-Mlul

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the

reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs).

**Components:** The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.

**RefSeq:** <u>NM 007103.4</u>



**OriGene Technologies, Inc.** 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com





**Summary:** 

The mitochondrial respiratory chain provides energy to cells via oxidative phosphorylation and consists of four membrane-bound electron-transporting protein complexes (I-IV) and an ATP synthase (complex V). This gene encodes a 51 kDa subunit of the NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase complex I; a large complex with at least 45 nuclear and mitochondrial encoded subunits that liberates electrons from NADH and channels them to ubiquinone. This subunit carries the NADH-binding site as well as flavin mononucleotide (FMN)- and Fe-S-biding sites. Defects in complex I are a common cause of mitochondrial dysfunction; a syndrome that occurs in approximately 1 in 10,000 live births. Mitochondrial complex I deficiency is linked to myopathies, encephalomyopathies, and neurodegenerative disorders such as Parkinson's disease and Leigh syndrome. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.[provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009]

Locus ID: 4723 MW: 4.6