

Product datasheet for SC118933

DUT (NM 001948) Human Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: DUT (NM_001948) Human Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free

Symbol: DUT

Synonyms: dUTPase

Mammalian Cell None

Selection:

Vector: pCMV6-XL4

E. coli Selection: Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >NCBI ORF sequence for NM_001948, the custom clone sequence may differ by one or more

nucleotides

 ATTAA

5' Read Nucleotide Sequence:

>OriGene 5' read for NM_001948 unedited

TTTTTATCCAGAAATAGAAGAAGTTCAAGCCTTGGATGACACCGAAA

Restriction Sites: Notl-Notl

ACCN: NM 001948



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DUT (NM_001948) Human Untagged Clone - SC118933

Insert Size: 1600 bp

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method: 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001948.3</u>, <u>NP 001939.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 1874 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 495 bp

 Locus ID:
 1854

 UniProt ID:
 P33316

 Cytogenetics:
 15q21.1

Domains:

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Metabolic pathways, Pyrimidine metabolism

dUTPase

Gene Summary: This gene encodes an essential enzyme of nucleotide metabolism. The encoded protein

forms a ubiquitous, homotetrameric enzyme that hydrolyzes dUTP to dUMP and

pyrophosphate. This reaction serves two cellular purposes: providing a precursor (dUMP) for the synthesis of thymine nucleotides needed for DNA replication, and limiting intracellular pools of dUTP. Elevated levels of dUTP lead to increased incorporation of uracil into DNA, which induces extensive excision repair mediated by uracil glycosylase. This repair process, resulting in the removal and reincorporation of dUTP, is self-defeating and leads to DNA fragmentation and cell death. Alternative splicing of this gene leads to different isoforms that

localize to either the mitochondrion or nucleus. A related pseudogene is located on

chromosome 19. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Transcript Variant: This variant (2), also known as DUT-N, uses a different 5' exon, compared to variant 1. It encodes isoform 2, which has a shorter, distinct N-terminus that lacks the

mitochondrial targeting sequence, compared to isoform 1.