

Product datasheet for SC117262

TBCA (NM_004607) Human Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: TBCA (NM_004607) Human Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free

Symbol: TBCA

Mammalian Cell None

Selection:

Vector: pCMV6-XL4

E. coli Selection: Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >OriGene ORF sequence for NM_004607 edited

CTGGATTCAGTGAAGTTAGAAGCCTGA

5' Read Nucleotide

Sequence:

>OriGene 5' read for NM_004607 unedited CGGCCGCAAATTCGGCACGAGCCGCGACCACGCCTAAATAGCCGCAGCCTCTGCGCGTC

Α

Restriction Sites: Notl-Notl ACCN: NM 004607

OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com

TBCA (NM_004607) Human Untagged Clone - SC117262

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method: 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 004607.1, NP 004598.1</u>

RefSeq Size: 574 bp
RefSeq ORF: 327 bp
Locus ID: 6902

UniProt ID: <u>075347</u>

Cytogenetics: 5q14.1

Domains: TBCA

Gene Summary: The product of this gene is one of four proteins (cofactors A, D, E, and C) involved in the

pathway leading to correctly folded beta-tubulin from folding intermediates. Cofactors A and D are believed to play a role in capturing and stabilizing beta-tubulin intermediates in a quasinative confirmation. Cofactor E binds to the cofactor D/beta-tubulin complex; interaction with cofactor C then causes the release of beta-tubulin polypeptides that are committed to the

native state. This gene encodes chaperonin cofactor A. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2014]

Transcript Variant: This variant (2) has a split 3' terminal exon, which results in an alternate translation stop codon, compared to variant 1. The resulting isoform (2) is shorter and has a

distinct C-terminus, compared to isoform 1.