

## Product datasheet for **RR214703L3V**

### **Nmnat2 (NM\_001048042) Rat Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Nmnat2 (NM_001048042) Rat Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Nmnat2
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_001048042
ORF Size:	921 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RR214703).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_001048042.1</a> , <a href="#">NP_001041507.1</a>
RefSeq Size:	1239 bp
RefSeq ORF:	924 bp
Locus ID:	289095
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q0HA29</a>
Cytogenetics:	13q21



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**Gene Summary:**

Nicotinamide/nicotinate-nucleotide adenylyltransferase that acts as an axon maintenance factor (By similarity). Catalyzes the formation of NAD(+) from nicotinamide mononucleotide (NMN) and ATP. Can also use the deamidated form; nicotinic acid mononucleotide (NaMN) as substrate but with a lower efficiency. Cannot use triazofurin monophosphate (TrMP) as substrate. Also catalyzes the reverse reaction, i.e. the pyrophosphorolytic cleavage of NAD(+). For the pyrophosphorolytic activity prefers NAD(+), NADH and NaAD as substrates and degrades nicotinic acid adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NAD) less effectively. Fails to cleave phosphorylated dinucleotides NADP(+), NADPH and NaADP(+). (By similarity). Axon survival factor required for the maintenance of healthy axons: acts by delaying Wallerian axon degeneration, an evolutionarily conserved process that drives the loss of damaged axons (By similarity).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]