

Product datasheet for **RR206754L4V**

Fxyd1 (NM_031648) Rat Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Fxyd1 (NM_031648) Rat Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Fxyd1
Synonyms:	Plm
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_031648
ORF Size:	285 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RR206754).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_031648.2 , NP_113836.2
RefSeq Size:	533 bp
RefSeq ORF:	288 bp
Locus ID:	58971
Cytogenetics:	1q21



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Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a member of a family of small membrane proteins that share a 35-amino acid signature sequence domain, beginning with the sequence PFXYD and containing 7 invariant and 6 highly conserved amino acids. The approved human gene nomenclature for the family is FXYP-domain containing ion transport regulator. Mouse FXYP5 has been termed RIC (Related to Ion Channel). FXYP2, also known as the gamma subunit of the Na,K-ATPase, regulates the properties of that enzyme. FXYP1 (phospholemman), FXYP2 (gamma), FXYP3 (MAT-8), FXYP4 (CHIF), and FXYP5 (RIC) have been shown to induce channel activity in experimental expression systems. Transmembrane topology has been established for two family members (FXYP1 and FXYP2), with the N-terminus extracellular and the C-terminus on the cytoplasmic side of the membrane. The protein encoded by this gene is a plasma membrane substrate for several kinases, including protein kinase A, protein kinase C, NIMA kinase, and myotonic dystrophy kinase. It is thought to form an ion channel or regulate ion channel activity. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]