

Product datasheet for RR205240L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Cebpb (NM_024125) Rat Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Cebpb (NM_024125) Rat Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Cebpb

Synonyms: Il6dbp; NF-IL6; TCF5

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_024125

ORF Size: 891 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RR205240).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 024125.4

 RefSeq Size:
 1475 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 894 bp

 Locus ID:
 24253

 UniProt ID:
 P21272

 Cytogenetics:
 3q42







Gene Summary:

This intronless gene encodes a member of the transcription factor family whose members contain a basic leucine-zipper domain. The encoded protein functions as a homodimer but can also form heterodimers with CCAAT/enhancer-binding proteins alpha, delta, and gamma. The encoded protein plays important roles in several cellular processes and in various diseases, including regulating cell proliferation, differentiation, apoptosis and neuroinflammation, and being involved in brain injury and inflammatory progression. The use of alternative in-frame AUG start codons results in multiple protein isoforms, each with different cellular localizations and distinct biological functions. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2014]