

## Product datasheet for RR202533L4

### Capn5 (NM\_134461) Rat Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	Capn5 (NM_134461) Rat Tagged Lenti ORF Clone
Tag:	mGFP
Symbol:	Capn5
Synonyms:	Htra3
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
E. coli Selection:	Chloramphenicol (34 ug/mL)
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RR202533).
Restriction Sites:	SgfI-MluI
Cloning Scheme:	

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:

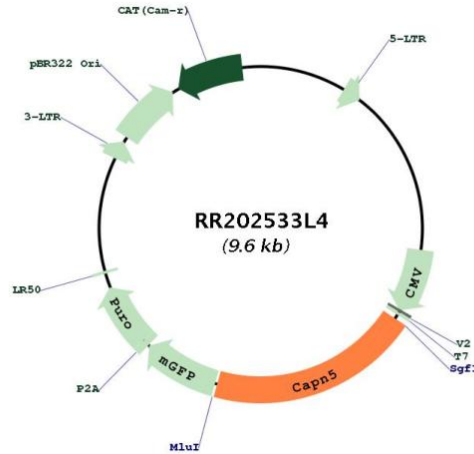


\* The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF.



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Plasmid Map:



ACCN: NM\_134461

ORF Size: 1920 bp

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. [More info](#)

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method: 

1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: [NM\\_134461.1](#), [NP\\_604456.1](#)

RefSeq Size: 2150 bp

RefSeq ORF: 1923 bp

Locus ID: 171495

Cytogenetics: 1q32

Gene Summary: human and mouse homologs are members of a subset of the calpain family of proteases that lack a calmodulin-like domain [RGD, Feb 2006]