

Product datasheet for RG233384

CD4 (NM 001195016) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: CD4 (NM_001195016) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Tag: TurboGFP

Symbol: CD4

Synonyms: CD4mut; IMD79; OKT4D

Mammalian Cell Neomycin

Selection:

Vector: pCMV6-AC-GFP (PS100010)

E. coli Selection: Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)

ORF Nucleotide >RG233384 representing NM_001195016
Sequence: Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC

GCCGCGATCGCC

ATGGGCAAGAAGCTCCCGCTCCACCTCACCCTGCCCCAGGCCTTGCCTCAGTATGCTGGCTCTGGAAACC TCACCCTGGCCCTTGAAGCGAAAACAGGAAAGTTGCATCAGGAAGTGAACCTGGTGGTGATGAGAGCCAC TCAGCTCCAGAAAAAATTTGACCTGTGAGGTGTGGGGACCCACCTCCCCTAAGCTGATGCTGAGTTTGAAA CTGGAGAACAAGGAGCAAAGGTCTCGAAGCGGGAGAAGGCGTGTGGGTGCTGAACCCTGAGGCGGGGA TGTGGCAGTGTCTGCTGAGTGACTCGGGACAGGTCCTGCTGGAATCCAACATCAAGGTTCTGCCCACATG GTCCACCCCGGTGCAGCCAATGGCCCTGATTGTGCTGGGGGGGCGTCGCCGGCCTCCTGCTTTTCATTGGG CTAGGCATCTTCTTCTGTGTCAGGTGCCGGCACCGAAGGCGCCCAAGCAGAGCGGATGTCTCAGATCAAGA GACTCCTCAGTGAGAAGAAGAAGAACACTGCCCACTT

ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAG - GFP Tag - GTTTAA

Protein Sequence: >RG233384 representing NM_001195016

Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MGKKLPLHLTLPQALPQYAGSGNLTLALEAKTGKLHQEVNLVVMRATQLQKNLTCEVWGPTSPKLMLSLK LENKEAKVSKREKAVWVLNPEAGMWQCLLSDSGQVLLESNIKVLPTWSTPVQPMALIVLGGVAGLLLFIG

 ${\tt LGIFFCVRCRHRRRQAERMSQIKRLLSEKKTCQCPHRFQKTCSPI}$

TRTRPLE - GFP Tag - V

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul



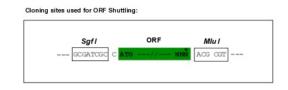
OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

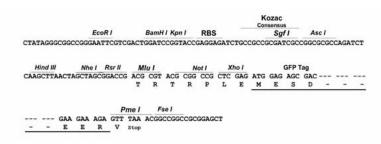
CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com

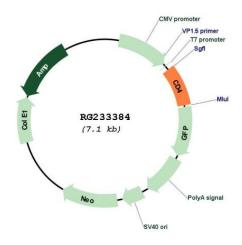


Cloning Scheme:





Plasmid Map:



ACCN: NM 001195016

ORF Size: 555 bp

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.



The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube Components:

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method: 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: NM 001195016.3

RefSeq Size: 2853 bp RefSeq ORF: 558 bp Locus ID: 920

Cytogenetics: 12p13.31

Protein Families: Adult stem cells, Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Induced pluripotent stem

cells, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Antigen processing and presentation, Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs), Hematopoietic cell

lineage, Primary immunodeficiency, T cell receptor signaling pathway

This gene encodes the CD4 membrane glycoprotein of T lymphocytes. The CD4 antigen acts **Gene Summary:**

as a coreceptor with the T-cell receptor on the T lymphocyte to recognize antigens displayed by an antigen presenting cell in the context of class II MHC molecules. The CD4 antigen is also a primary receptor for entry of the human immunodeficiency virus through interactions with the HIV Env gp120 subunit. This gene is expressed not only in T lymphocytes, but also in B cells, macrophages, granulocytes, as well as in various regions of the brain. The protein functions to initiate or augment the early phase of T-cell activation, and may function as an important mediator of indirect neuronal damage in infectious and immune-mediated diseases of the central nervous system. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified in this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2020]