

## Product datasheet for **RG230987**

### CD1E (NM\_001185113) Human Tagged ORF Clone

#### Product data:

**Product Type:** Expression Plasmids  
**Product Name:** CD1E (NM\_001185113) Human Tagged ORF Clone  
**Tag:** TurboGFP  
**Symbol:** CD1E  
**Synonyms:** CD1A; R2  
**Mammalian Cell Selection:** Neomycin  
**Vector:** pCMV6-AC-GFP (PS100010)  
**E. coli Selection:** Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)  
**ORF Nucleotide Sequence:** >RG230987 representing NM\_001185113  
**Red**=Cloning site **Blue**=ORF **Green**=Tags(s)

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC  
GCC**CGATCGCC**

ATGCTGCTCCTGTTCTCCTCTTCGAGGGTCTCTGCTGTCCTGGGAAAATACAGCAGTGAAGCCAGAGG  
CCTGGCTGCTCCTGTGGCCCCAGTCTGGCCCTGGCCGTCTGCAGCTTGTGTGCCATGTCTCAGGATTCTA  
CCCAAAGCCCGTGTGGGTGATGTGGATGCGGGTGGATATCCATCTTTCTCATCCTGATCTGTTTGACT  
GTGATAGTTACCCTGGTCATATTGGTTGTAGTTGACTCACGGTAAAAAACAGAGTTCAAATAAGAACA  
TTCTTTCTCCCCACACCCAGCCCTGTCTTTCTCATGGGAGCCAACACTCAGGACACCAAGAATTCAAG  
ACATCAGTTCTGCTTGGACAAGTATCGTGGATCAAAAACAGAGTATTGAAGAAGTGAAGACACGCCTA  
AACCAACTCTGG

**ACGCGT**ACGCGGCCGCTCGAG - GFP Tag - GTTTAA

**Protein Sequence:** >RG230987 representing NM\_001185113  
**Red**=Cloning site **Green**=Tags(s)

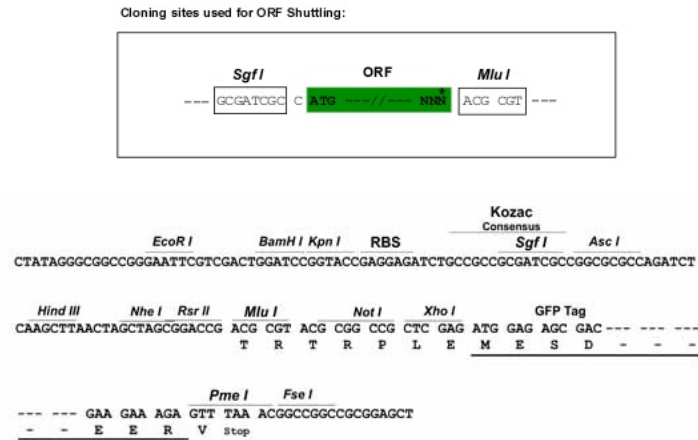
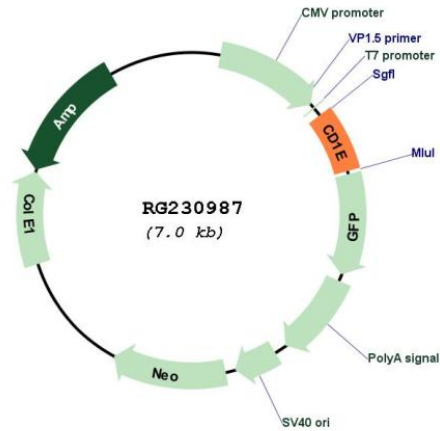
MLLLFLLFEGLCCPGENTAVKPEAWLSCGPSPGPGRLQLVCHVSGFYKPKPVWVWMMRGGYSIFLILICLT  
VIVTLVILVVVDSRLKKQSSNKNILSPHTPSPVFLMGANTQDTKNSRHQFCLAQVSWIKNRVLKWKTRL  
NQLW

**TRTRPLE** - GFP Tag - V

**Restriction Sites:** Sgfl-MluI



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**Cloning Scheme:**

**Plasmid Map:**


**ACCN:** NM\_001185113

**ORF Size:** 432 bp

**OTI Disclaimer:** The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. [More info](#)

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.

<b>Components:</b>	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
<b>Reconstitution Method:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.</li><li>2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.</li><li>3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.</li><li>4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.</li><li>5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.</li></ol>
<b>RefSeq:</b>	<u>NM_001185113.2</u>
<b>RefSeq Size:</b>	1385 bp
<b>RefSeq ORF:</b>	435 bp
<b>Locus ID:</b>	913
<b>UniProt ID:</b>	<u>P15812</u>
<b>Cytogenetics:</b>	1q23.1
<b>Protein Families:</b>	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
<b>Protein Pathways:</b>	Hematopoietic cell lineage
<b>Gene Summary:</b>	<p>This gene encodes a member of the CD1 family of transmembrane glycoproteins, which are structurally related to the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) proteins and form heterodimers with beta-2-microglobulin. The CD1 proteins mediate the presentation of primarily lipid and glycolipid antigens of self or microbial origin to T cells. The human genome contains five CD1 family genes organized in a cluster on chromosome 1. The CD1 family members are thought to differ in their cellular localization and specificity for particular lipid ligands. The protein encoded by this gene localizes within Golgi compartments, endosomes, and lysosomes, and is cleaved into a stable soluble form. The soluble form is required for the intracellular processing of some glycolipids into a form that can be presented by other CD1 family members. Many alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described. Additional transcript variants have been found; however, their biological validity has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2010]</p>