

## Product datasheet for **RG229732**

### VEGFA (NM\_001171623) Human Tagged ORF Clone

#### Product data:

**Product Type:** Expression Plasmids  
**Product Name:** VEGFA (NM\_001171623) Human Tagged ORF Clone  
**Tag:** TurboGFP  
**Symbol:** VEGFA  
**Synonyms:** MVCD1; VEGF; VPF  
**Mammalian Cell Selection:** Neomycin  
**Vector:** pCMV6-AC-GFP (PS100010)  
**E. coli Selection:** Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)  
**ORF Nucleotide Sequence:** >RG229732 representing NM\_001171623  
**Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)**

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC  
GCC**CGATCGCC**

ATGAAC**TTTCTGCTGTCTTGGGTGCATTGGAGCCTTGCC**TTGCTGCTCTACCTCCACCATGCCAAGTGGT  
CCCAGGCTGCACCCATGGCAGAAGGAGGAGGGCAGAATCATCACGAAGTGGTGAAGTTCATGGATGTCTA  
TCAGCGCAGCTACTGCCATCCAATCGAGACCCTGGTGGACATCTCCAGGAGTACCCTGATGAGATCGAG  
TACATCTTCAAGCCATCCTGTGTGCCCTGATGCGATGCGGGGGCTGCTGCAATGACGAGGGCCTGGAGT  
GTGTGCCCACTGAGGAGTCCAACATCCCATGCAGATTATGCGGATCAAACCTCACCAAGGCCAGCACAT  
AGGAGAGATGAGCTTCTACAGCACAACAAATGTGAATGCAGACCAAAGAAAGATAGAGCAAGACAAGAA  
AAAAAATCAGTTCGAGGAAAGGGAAAGGGGCAAAAACGAAAGCGCAAGAAATCCCGGTATAAGTCCTGGA  
GCGTGTACGTTGGTGCCCGCTGCTGTCTAATGCCTGGAGCCTCCCTGGCCCCATCCCTGTGGGCCTTG  
CTCAGAGCGGAGAAAGCATTGTTTGTACAAGATCCGAGACGTGTAATGTTCTTGCAAAAACACAGAC  
TCGCGTTGCAAGGCGAGGAGCTTGAGTTAAACGAACGTACTTGCAGATGTGACAAGCCGAGGCGG

**ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAG** - GFP Tag - GTTTAA

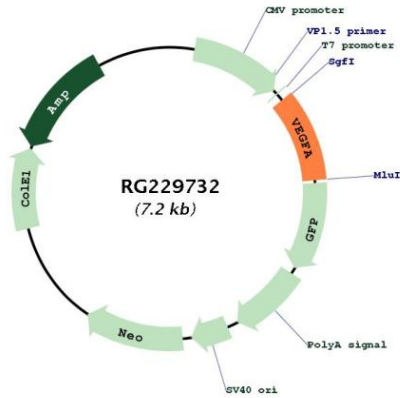


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<b>Components:</b>	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
<b>Reconstitution Method:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.</li><li>2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.</li><li>3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.</li><li>4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.</li><li>5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.</li></ol>
<b>RefSeq:</b>	<u>NM_001171623.1, NP_001165094.1</u>
<b>RefSeq Size:</b>	3677 bp
<b>RefSeq ORF:</b>	699 bp
<b>Locus ID:</b>	7422
<b>UniProt ID:</b>	<u>P15692</u>
<b>Cytogenetics:</b>	6p21.1
<b>Protein Families:</b>	Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein
<b>Protein Pathways:</b>	Bladder cancer, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Focal adhesion, mTOR signaling pathway, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer, Renal cell carcinoma, VEGF signaling pathway
<b>Gene Summary:</b>	<p>This gene is a member of the PDGF/VEGF growth factor family. It encodes a heparin-binding protein, which exists as a disulfide-linked homodimer. This growth factor induces proliferation and migration of vascular endothelial cells, and is essential for both physiological and pathological angiogenesis. Disruption of this gene in mice resulted in abnormal embryonic blood vessel formation. This gene is upregulated in many known tumors and its expression is correlated with tumor stage and progression. Elevated levels of this protein are found in patients with POEMS syndrome, also known as Crow-Fukase syndrome. Allelic variants of this gene have been associated with microvascular complications of diabetes 1 (MVCD1) and atherosclerosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described. There is also evidence for alternative translation initiation from upstream non-AUG (CUG) codons resulting in additional isoforms. A recent study showed that a C-terminally extended isoform is produced by use of an alternative in-frame translation termination codon via a stop codon readthrough mechanism, and that this isoform is antiangiogenic. Expression of some isoforms derived from the AUG start codon is regulated by a small upstream open reading frame, which is located within an internal ribosome entry site. The levels of VEGF are increased during infection with severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2), thus promoting inflammation by facilitating recruitment of inflammatory cells, and by increasing the level of angiopoietin II (Ang II), one of two products of the SARS-CoV-2 binding target, angiotensin-converting enzyme 2 (ACE2). In turn, Ang II facilitates the elevation of VEGF, thus forming a vicious cycle in the release of inflammatory cytokines. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2020]</p>

Product images:



Circular map for RG229732