

Product datasheet for **RG228175**

LDHA (NM_001165416) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	LDHA (NM_001165416) Human Tagged ORF Clone
Tag:	TurboGFP
Symbol:	LDHA
Synonyms:	GSD11; HEL-S-133P; LDHM; PIG19
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pCMV6-AC-GFP (PS100010)
E. coli Selection:	Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)
Restriction Sites:	SgfI-MluI
Cloning Scheme:	

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:



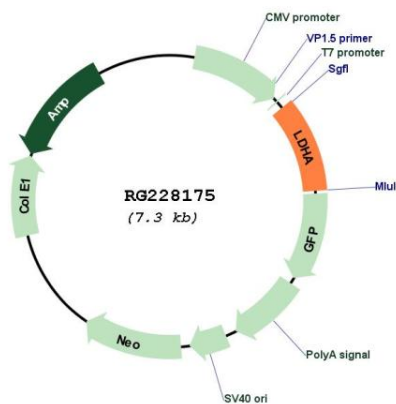
ACCN:	NM_001165416
ORF Size:	723 bp



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OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
Components:	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
Reconstitution Method:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.
RefSeq:	NM_001165416.1 , NP_001158888.1
RefSeq Size:	2102 bp
RefSeq ORF:	726 bp
Locus ID:	3939
UniProt ID:	P00338
Cytogenetics:	11p15.1
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
Protein Pathways:	Cysteine and methionine metabolism, Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis, Metabolic pathways, Propanoate metabolism, Pyruvate metabolism
Gene Summary:	The protein encoded by this gene catalyzes the conversion of L-lactate and NAD to pyruvate and NADH in the final step of anaerobic glycolysis. The protein is found predominantly in muscle tissue and belongs to the lactate dehydrogenase family. Mutations in this gene have been linked to exertional myoglobinuria. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. The human genome contains several non-transcribed pseudogenes of this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2008]

Product images:



Circular map for RG228175