

## **Product datasheet for RG223848**

### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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# EMA (MUC1) (NM\_001044391) Human Tagged ORF Clone

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Expression Plasmids

Product Name: EMA (MUC1) (NM\_001044391) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Tag: TurboGFP

Symbol: MUC1

Synonyms: ADMCKD; ADMCKD1; ADTKD2; CA 15-3; CD227; EMA; H23AG; KL-6; MAM6; MCD; MCKD;

MCKD1; MUC-1; MUC-1/SEC; MUC-1/X; MUC1/ZD; PEM; PEMT; PUM

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

Vector: pCMV6-AC-GFP (PS100010)

E. coli Selection: Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)

ORF Nucleotide >RG223848 representing NM\_001044391

Sequence: Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC

GCCGCGATCGCC

ATGACACCGGGCACCCAGTCTCCTTTCTTCCTGCTGCTGCTCCTCACAGTGCTTACAGTTGTTACGGGTT CTGGTCATGCAAGCTCTACCCCAGGTGGAGAAAAAGGAGACTTCGGCTACCCAGAGAAGTTCAGTGCCCAG CTCTACTGAGAAGAATGCTTTTAATTCCTCTCTGGAAGATCCCAGCACCGACTACTACCAAGAGCTGCAG AGAGACATTTCTGAAATGGCTGTCTGTCAGTGCCGCCGAAAGAACTACCGGCAGCTGGACATCTTTCCAG CCCGGGATACCTACCATCCTATGAGCGAGTACCCCACCCTACCACCCCATGGGCGCTATGTGCCCCCTAG CAGTACCGATCGTAGCCCCTATGAGAAAGGTTTCTGCAGGTAATGGTGGCAGCAGCCTCTCTTACACAAAC

CCAGCAGTGGCAGCCACTTCTGCCAACTTG

ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAG - GFP Tag - GTTTAA

Protein Sequence: >RG223848 representing NM\_001044391

Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MTPGTQSPFFLLLLLTVLTVVTGSGHASSTPGGEKETSATQRSSVPSSTEKNAFNSSLEDPSTDYYQELQ RDISEMAVCQCRRKNYGQLDIFPARDTYHPMSEYPTYHTHGRYVPPSSTDRSPYEKVSAGNGGSSLSYTN

**PAVAATSANL** 

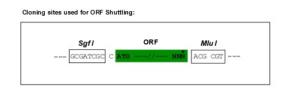
TRTRPLE - GFP Tag - V

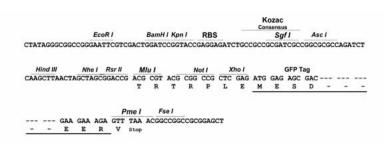
**Restriction Sites:** Sgfl-Mlul



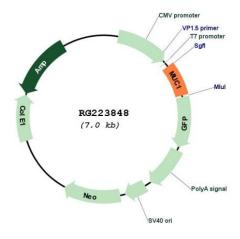


#### **Cloning Scheme:**





## Plasmid Map:



**ACCN:** NM\_001044391

ORF Size: 450 bp

**OTI Disclaimer:** The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

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**Components:** The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

**Reconstitution Method:** 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

**RefSeq:** NM 001044391.3

 RefSeq Size:
 846 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 453 bp

 Locus ID:
 4582

 UniProt ID:
 P15941

 Cytogenetics:
 1q22

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein, Transmembrane

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a membrane-bound protein that is a member of the mucin family. Mucins

are O-glycosylated proteins that play an essential role in forming protective mucous barriers on epithelial surfaces. These proteins also play a role in intracellular signaling. This protein is expressed on the apical surface of epithelial cells that line the mucosal surfaces of many different tissues including lung, breast stomach and pancreas. This protein is proteolytically cleaved into alpha and beta subunits that form a heterodimeric complex. The N-terminal alpha subunit functions in cell-adhesion and the C-terminal beta subunit is involved in cell signaling. Overexpression, aberrant intracellular localization, and changes in glycosylation of this protein have been associated with carcinomas. This gene is known to contain a highly polymorphic variable number tandem repeats (VNTR) domain. Alternate splicing results in

multiple transcript variants.[provided by RefSeq, Feb 2011]