

Product datasheet for **RG223340**

Tropomyosin 3 (TPM3) (NM_001043352) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Product data:

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|---------------------------|--|
| Product Type: | Expression Plasmids |
| Product Name: | Tropomyosin 3 (TPM3) (NM_001043352) Human Tagged ORF Clone |
| Tag: | TurboGFP |
| Symbol: | TPM3 |
| Synonyms: | CAPM1; CFTD; HEL-189; HEL-S-82p; hscp30; NEM1; OK/SW-cl.5; TM-5; TM3; TM5; TM30; TM30nm; TPM3nu; TPMsk3; TRK |
| Mammalian Cell Selection: | Neomycin |
| Vector: | pCMV6-AC-GFP (PS100010) |
| E. coli Selection: | Ampicillin (100 ug/mL) |
| ORF Nucleotide Sequence: | >RG223340 representing NM_001043352 Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s) |

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC
GCC**GCGATCGCC**

ATGGCTGGGATCACCACCATCGAGGCGGTGAAGCGCAAGATCCAGTTCTGCAGCAGCAGGCAGATGATG
CAGAGGAGCGAGCTGAGCGCCTCCAGCGAGAAGTTGAGGGAGAAAGCGGGCCCGGAACAGGCTGAGGC
TGAGGTGGCCTCCTTGAACCGTAGGATCCAGCTGGTTGAAGAAGAGCTGGACCGTCTCAGGAGCGCCTG
GCCACTGCCCTGCAAAAGCTGGAAGAAGCTGAAAAGCTGCTGATGAGAGTGAGAGAGGTATGAAGGTTA
TTGAAAACCGGCCTTAAAAGATGAAGAAAAGATGGAATCCAGGAAATCCAACCAAAGAAGCTAAGCA
CATTGCAGAAGAGGCAGATAGGAAGTATGAAGAGGTGGCTCGTAAGTTGGTGATCATTGAAGGAGACTTG
GAACGCACAGAGAACGAGCTGAGCTGGCAGAGTCCCCTTGCCGAGAGATGGATGAGCAGATTAGACTGA
TGGACCAGAACCTGAAGTGTCTGAGTGTCTGAAGAAAAGTACTCTCAAAAAGAAGATAAATATGAGGA
AGAAATCAAGATTCTTACTGATAAACTCAAGGAGGCAGAGACCCGTGCTGAGTTTCTGAGAGATCGGTA
GCCAAGCTGGAAGAAGACAATTGATGACCTGGAAGAGCGTCTCTACAGCCAACCTTGAGCGAAAACCGCCTGC
TTTCTAATGAGCTGAAGCTAACGCTGCATGATCTGTGTGAC

ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAG - GFP Tag - GTTTAA



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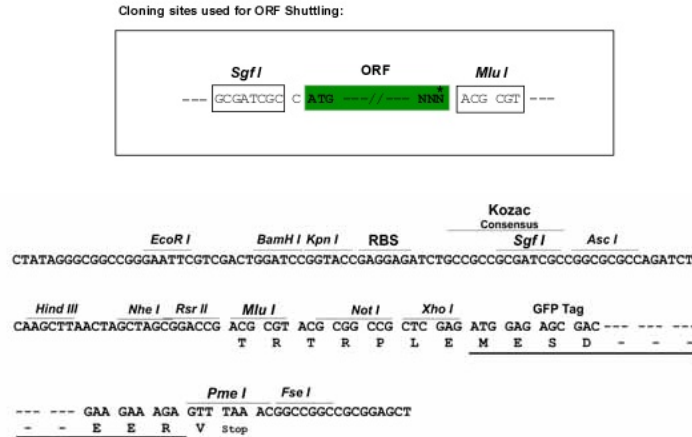
Protein Sequence: >RG223340 representing NM_001043352
Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MAGITTTIEAVKRRKIQVLQQADDAEERAERLQREVEGERRAREQAEAEVASLNRRIQLVEEELDRAQERL
 ATALQKLEEAKEAADESERGMKVIENRALKDEEKMELQEIQKAKHIAEEADRKYEAVARKLVIIEGDL
 ERTEERAELAESRCREMDEQIRLMDQNLKCLSAEEKYSQKEDKYEIEIKILTDKLEAETRAEFAERSV
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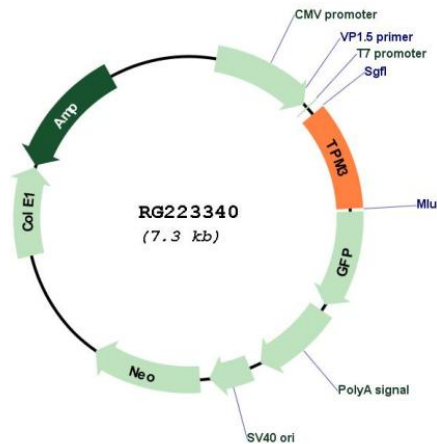
TRTRPLE - GFP Tag - V

Restriction Sites: SgfI-MluI

Cloning Scheme:



Plasmid Map:



ACCN: NM_001043352

ORF Size: 741 bp

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|-------------------------------|---|
| OTI Disclaimer: | The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info |
| OTI Annotation: | This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene. |
| Components: | The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water). |
| Reconstitution Method: | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C. |
| RefSeq: | NM_001043352.2 |
| RefSeq Size: | 4539 bp |
| RefSeq ORF: | 744 bp |
| Locus ID: | 7170 |
| UniProt ID: | P06753 |
| Cytogenetics: | 1q21.3 |
| Protein Pathways: | Cardiac muscle contraction, Dilated cardiomyopathy, Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM), Pathways in cancer, Thyroid cancer |
| Gene Summary: | This gene encodes a member of the tropomyosin family of actin-binding proteins. Tropomyosins are dimers of coiled-coil proteins that provide stability to actin filaments and regulate access of other actin-binding proteins. Mutations in this gene result in autosomal dominant nemaline myopathy and other muscle disorders. This locus is involved in translocations with other loci, including anaplastic lymphoma receptor tyrosine kinase (ALK) and neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor type 1 (NTRK1), which result in the formation of fusion proteins that act as oncogenes. There are numerous pseudogenes for this gene on different chromosomes. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, May 2013] |