

## Product datasheet for **RG221479**

### DR3 (TNFRSF25) (NM\_148970) Human Tagged ORF Clone

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	DR3 (TNFRSF25) (NM_148970) Human Tagged ORF Clone
Tag:	TurboGFP
Symbol:	DR3
Synonyms:	APO-3; DDR3; DR3; GEF720; LARD; PLEKHG5; TNFRSF12; TR3; TRAMP; WSL-1; WSL-LR
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pCMV6-AC-GFP (PS100010)
E. coli Selection:	Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	>RG221479 representing NM_148970 Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC  
GCC**CGATCGCC**

ATGGAGCAGCGGCCGCGGGCTGCGCGCGGTGGCGCGGCGCTCCTCCTGGTGTGCTGGGGGCCCGG  
CCCAGGGCGCACTCGTAGCCCCAGGTGTGACTGTGCCGGTGACTTCCACAAGAAGATTGGTCTGTTTTG  
TTGCAGAGGCTGCCAGCGGATGAAGCTGGGATGGAGGCTCTGACCCACCACCGCCACCCATCTGTCA  
CCCTTGGACAGCGCCACACCTTCTAGCACCTCCTGACAGCAGTGAGAAGATCTGCACCGTCCAGTTGG  
TGGTAACAGCTGGACCCCTGGCTACCCGAGACCCAGGAGGCGCTCTGCCCGCAGGTGACATGGTCCTG  
GGACAGTTGCCAGCAGAGCTCTGGCCCCGCTGCTGCCCCACACTCTCGCCAGAGTCCCAGCGCGC  
TCGCCAGCCATGATGCTGCAGCCGGGCCCGAGCTCTACGACGTGATGGACGCGGTCCCAGCGCGGCGCT  
GGAAGGAGTTCGTGCGCACGCTGGGGCTGCGCGAGGCAGAGATCGAAGCCGTGGAGGTGGAGATCGGCCG  
CTTCCGAGACCAGCAGTACGAGATGCTCAAGCGCTGGCGCCAGCAGCAGCCCGCGGGCCTCGGAGCCGTT  
TACGCGGCCCTGGAGCGCATGGGGCTGGACGGCTGCGTGGAAAGACTTGCGCAGCCGCTGCAGCGCGGCC  
CG

**ACGCGT**ACGCGGCCGCTCGAG - GFP Tag - GTTTAA



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**Protein Sequence:** >RG221479 representing NM\_148970  
 Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MEQRPRGCAAVAAALLLVLLGARAQGGTRSPRCDCAGDFHKKIGLFCCRGCPADEAGMEALTPPPATHLS  
 PLDSAHTLLAPPDSSEKICTVQLVGNWTPGYPETQEALCPQVTWSDQLPSRALGPAAAPTLSPEPAG  
 SPAMMLQPGPQLYDVMDAVPARRWKEFVRTLGLREAEIEAVEVEIGRFRDQQYEMLKRWRQQPAGLGAV  
 YAALERMGLDGCVEDLRSRLQRGP

TRTRPLE - GFP Tag - V

**Restriction Sites:** SgfI-MluI

**Cloning Scheme:**



**ACCN:** NM\_148970

**ORF Size:** 702 bp

**OTI Disclaimer:** The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. [More info](#)

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**Components:** The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

**Reconstitution Method:**

1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

**RefSeq:** [NM\\_148970.1](#), [NP\\_683871.1](#)

**RefSeq Size:** 1089 bp

**RefSeq ORF:** 705 bp

**Locus ID:** 8718

**UniProt ID:** [Q93038](#)

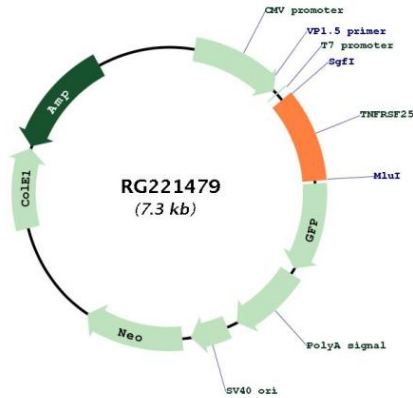
**Cytogenetics:** 1p36.31

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

**Protein Pathways:** Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction

**Gene Summary:** The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This receptor is expressed preferentially in the tissues enriched in lymphocytes, and it may play a role in regulating lymphocyte homeostasis. This receptor has been shown to stimulate NF-kappa B activity and regulate cell apoptosis. The signal transduction of this receptor is mediated by various death domain containing adaptor proteins. Knockout studies in mice suggested the role of this gene in the removal of self-reactive T cells in the thymus. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene encoding distinct isoforms have been reported, most of which are potentially secreted molecules. The alternative splicing of this gene in B and T cells encounters a programmed change upon T-cell activation, which predominantly produces full-length, membrane bound isoforms, and is thought to be involved in controlling lymphocyte proliferation induced by T-cell activation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Product images:



Circular map for RG221479