

## Product datasheet for **RG220000**

### PCSK9 (NM\_174936) Human Tagged ORF Clone

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	PCSK9 (NM_174936) Human Tagged ORF Clone
Tag:	TurboGFP
Symbol:	PCSK9
Synonyms:	FH3; FHCL3; HCHOLA3; LDLCQ1; NARC-1; NARC1; PC9
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pCMV6-AC-GFP (PS100010)
E. coli Selection:	Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)



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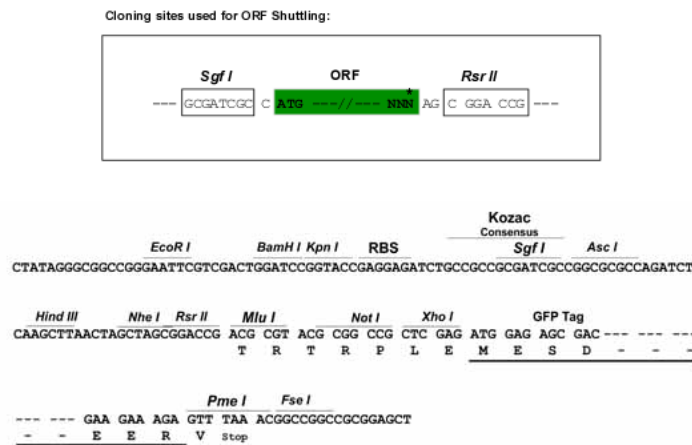
Protein Sequence: >RG220000 representing NM\_174936  
 Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MGTVSSRRSWWPLPLLLLLLLLLLPAGARAQEDEDGDYEELVLALRSEEDGLAEAPEHGTTATFHRC AKD  
 PWRLPGTYVVVVLKEETHLSQSERTARRLQAQAARRGYLTKILHVFHGLLPGLVKMSGDLLELALKLPHV  
 DYIEEDSSVFAQSIPWNLERITPPRYRADEYQPPDGGSLVEVYLLDTSIQSDHREIEGRVMVTFENVPE  
 EDGTRFHRQASKCDSHGTHLAGVVSGRDAGVAKGASMRSLRVLNCQGKGTVSGTLIGLEFIRKSQVLQPV  
 GPLVVLLPLAGGYSRVLNAACQRLARAGVVLVT AAGNFRDDACL YSPASAPEVITV GATNAQDQPVT LGT  
 LGTNFGRCVDLFAPGEDII GASSDCSTCFVSQSGTSQAAAHVAGIAAMMLSAEPELTLAELRQRLIH FSA  
 KDVINEAWFPEDQRVLT PNLVAALPPSTHGAGWQLFCRTVWSAHS GPTRMATAVARCAPDEELLSCSFS  
 RSGKRRGERMEAQGGKLCRAHNAFGGEGVYAIARCCLLPQANCSVHTAPP AEASMGTRVHCHQQGHVLT  
 GCSSHWEVEDLGTHKPPVLRPRGQPNQCVGHREASIHASCCHAPGLECKVKEHGIPAPQE QVTVACEEGW  
 TLTGCSALPGTSHVLGAYAVDNTCVVRSRDVSTTGSTSEGAVTAVAICCRSRHLAQASQELQ

SGPTRRRLE - GFP Tag - V

Restriction Sites: SgfI-RsrII

Cloning Scheme:



ACCN: NM\_174936

ORF Size: 2076 bp

**OTI Disclaimer:** Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore, OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA. Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at [custsupport@origene.com](mailto:custsupport@origene.com) or by calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery.

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. [More info](#)

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**Components:** The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

**Reconstitution Method:**

1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

**RefSeq:** [NM\\_174936.4](#)

**RefSeq Size:** 3636 bp

**RefSeq ORF:** 2079 bp

**Locus ID:** 255738

**UniProt ID:** [Q8NBP7](#)

**Cytogenetics:** 1p32.3

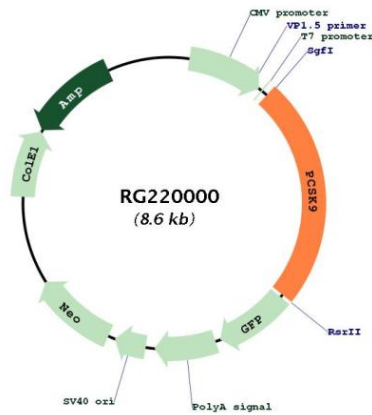
**Domains:** Peptidase\_S8

**Protein Families:** Secreted Protein

**Gene Summary:**

This gene encodes a member of the subtilisin-like proprotein convertase family, which includes proteases that process protein and peptide precursors trafficking through regulated or constitutive branches of the secretory pathway. The encoded protein undergoes an autocatalytic processing event with its prosegment in the ER and is constitutively secreted as an inactive protease into the extracellular matrix and trans-Golgi network. It is expressed in liver, intestine and kidney tissues and escorts specific receptors for lysosomal degradation. It plays a role in cholesterol and fatty acid metabolism. Mutations in this gene have been associated with autosomal dominant familial hypercholesterolemia. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2014]

**Product images:**



Circular map for RG220000