

Product datasheet for **RG213115**

FBXO22 (NM_012170) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids
Product Name: FBXO22 (NM_012170) Human Tagged ORF Clone
Tag: TurboGFP
Symbol: FBXO22
Synonyms: FBX22; FISTC1
Mammalian Cell Selection: Neomycin
Vector: pCMV6-AC-GFP (PS100010)
E. coli Selection: Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)
ORF Nucleotide Sequence: >RG213115 representing NM_012170
Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC
GCC**CGATCGCC**

ATGGAGCCGGTAGGCTGCTGCGGCGAGTGCCGCGCTCCTCCGTAGACCCGCGGAGCACCTTCGTGTTGA
GTAACCTGGCGGAGGTGGTGGAGCGTGTGCTCACCTTCCTGCCCGCAAGGCGTTGCTGCGGGTGGCCTG
CGTGTGCCGCTTATGGAGGGAGTGTGTGCGCAGAGTATTGCGGACCCATCGGAGCGTAACCTGGATCTCC
GCAGGCCCTGGCGAGGCCGCGCCACCTGGAGGGCATTGCTTGGTTCGCGTGGTAGCAGAGGAGCTTGAGA
ATGTTTCGCATCTTACCACATACAGTTCTTTACATGGCTGATTAGAACTTTTCATTAGTCTGGAAGAGTG
TCGTGGCCATAAGAGAGCAAGGAAAAGAACTAGTATGGAACAGCACTTGCCTTGAGAAGCTATTTCCC
AAACAATGCCAAGTCCTTGGGATTGTGACCCAGGAATTGTAGTACTCCAATGGGATCAGGTAGCAATC
GACCTCAGGAAATAGAAATTGGAGAATCTGGTTTTGCTTTATTATTCCTCAAATGAAGGAATAAAAAAT
ACAACCTTTTCAATTTAATTAAGGATCCAAAGAAATTAACATTAGAAAGACATCAACTCACTGAAGTAGGT
CTTTTAGATAACCCTGAACCTTCGTGTGGTCTTGTCTTTGGTTATAATTGCTGTAAGGTGGGAGCCAGTA
ATTATCTGCAGCAAGTAGTCAGCACTTTCAGTGATATGAATATCATCTTGGCTGGAGGCCAGGTGGACAA
CCTGTCATCACTGACTTCTGAAAAGTATGTCTTGTGTGCTTCTGATTTTCGTCTGTGAA

ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAG - GFP Tag - GTTTAA



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Protein Sequence: >RG213115 representing NM_012170
 Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MEPVGCCGECRGSSVDPRTFVLSNLAEVVERVLTFLPAKALLRVACVCRWLWRECVRRVLRTHRSVTWIS
 AGLAEAGHLEGHCLVRVVAELENVRILPHTVL YMADSETFISLEECRGHKRARKRTSMETALALEKLP
 KQCQVVLGIVTPGIVVTPMGSGSNRPQEIEIGESGFALLFPQIEGIKIQPFHF IKDPKNLTLERHQLTEVG
 LLDNPELRVVLVFGYNCKKVGASNYLQQVVSTFSDMNII LAGGQVDNLSLSTSEKYVLCASDFVCE

TRTRPLE - GFP Tag - V

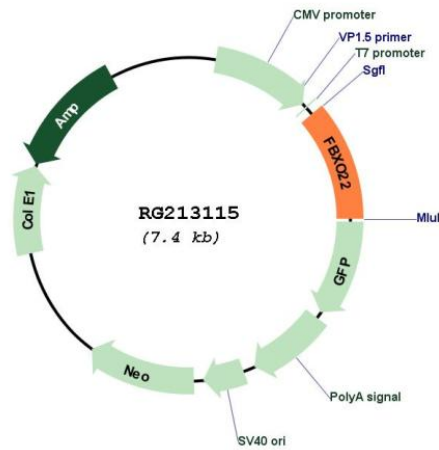
Restriction Sites: SgfI-MluI

Cloning Scheme:

Cloning sites used for ORF Shutting:



Plasmid Map:



ACCN: NM_012170

ORF Size: 828 bp

OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
Components:	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
Reconstitution Method:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.
RefSeq:	NM_012170.3 , NP_036302.1
RefSeq Size:	1822 bp
RefSeq ORF:	831 bp
Locus ID:	26263
UniProt ID:	Q8NEZ5
Cytogenetics:	15q24.2
Domains:	F-box
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
Gene Summary:	This gene encodes a member of the F-box protein family which is characterized by an approximately 40 amino acid motif, the F-box. The F-box proteins constitute one of the four subunits of the ubiquitin protein ligase complex called SCFs (SKP1-cullin-F-box), which function in phosphorylation-dependent ubiquitination. The F-box proteins are divided into 3 classes: Fbws containing WD-40 domains, Fbls containing leucine-rich repeats, and Fbxs containing either different protein-protein interaction modules or no recognizable motifs. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the Fbxs class and, as a transcriptional target of the tumor protein p53, is thought to be involved in degradation of specific proteins in response to p53 induction. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2010]