

Product datasheet for **RG203917**

Dysadherin (FXVD5) (NM_144779) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	Dysadherin (FXVD5) (NM_144779) Human Tagged ORF Clone
Tag:	TurboGFP
Symbol:	Dysadherin
Synonyms:	DYSAD; HSPC113; IWU1; KCT1; OIT2; PRO6241; RIC
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pCMV6-AC-GFP (PS100010)
E. coli Selection:	Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	>RG203917 representing NM_144779 Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

TTTGTGAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC
 GCC**CGATCGCC**

ATGTCGCCCTCTGGTCGCCTGTGTCTTCTTACCATCGTTGGCCTGATTCTCCCCACCAGAGGACAGACGT
 TGAAAGATACCACGTCCAGTTCTTCAGCAGACTCAACTATCATGGACATTCAGGTCCCGACGAGCCCC
 AGATGCAGTCTACACAGAACTCCAGCCACCTCTCAACCCCAACCTGGCCTGCTGATGAAACACCACAA
 CCCCAGACCCAGACCCAGCAACTGGAAGGAACGGATGGGCCTCTAGTGACAGATCCAGAGACACACAAGA
 GCACCAAAGCAGCTCATCCACTGATGACACCACGACGCTCTCTGAGAGACCATCCCAAGCACAGACGT
 CCAGACAGACCCCGACCCCTCAAGCCATCTGGTTTTCATGAGGATGACCCCTTCTTCTATGATGAACAC
 ACCCTCCGGAACGGGGCTGTTGGTCGAGCTGTGCTGTTTCATCACAGGCATCATCATCTCACCAGTG
 GCAAGTGCAGGCAGCTGTCCCGTTATGCCGAATCATTGCAGG

ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAG - GFP Tag - GTTTAA

Protein Sequence:	>RG203917 representing NM_144779 Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)
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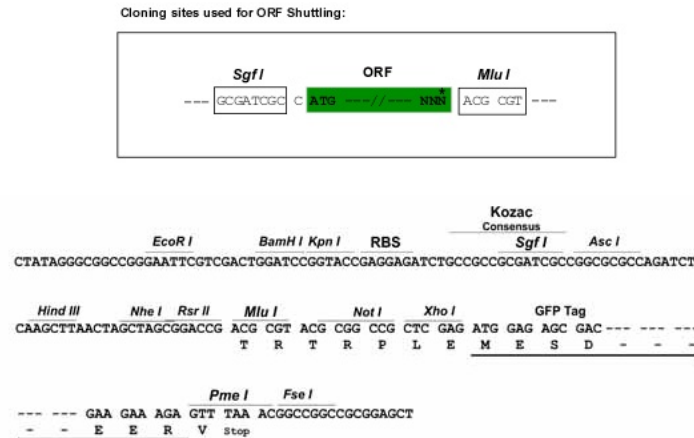
MSPSGRLCLLTIVGLILPTRGQTLKDDTSSSSADSTIMDIQVPTRAPDAVYTELQPTSPPTWPADETPQ
 PQQTQQLLEGTDGPLVTDPEHKSTKAAHPTDDTTLSERPSPSTDVQTDQPQLKPSGFHEDDPFFYDEH
 TLRKRGLLVAAVLFITGIIILTSKCRQLSRLCRNHCR

TRTRPLE - GFP Tag - V

Restriction Sites:	SgfI-MluI
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Cloning Scheme:



ACCN:	NM_144779
ORF Size:	534 bp
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
Components:	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
Reconstitution Method:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min. 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA. 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature. 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom. 5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.
Note:	Plasmids are not sterile. For experiments where strict sterility is required, filtration with 0.22um filter is required.
RefSeq:	NM_144779.1 , NP_659003.1
RefSeq Size:	1631 bp
RefSeq ORF:	537 bp
Locus ID:	53827

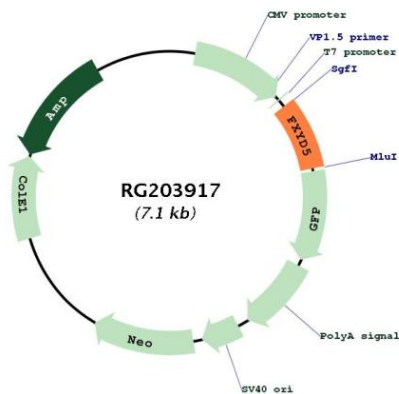
UniProt ID: [Q96DB9](#)

Cytogenetics: 19q13.12

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Ion Channels: Other, Transmembrane

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of a family of small membrane proteins that share a 35-amino acid signature sequence domain, beginning with the sequence PFXD and containing 7 invariant and 6 highly conserved amino acids. The approved human gene nomenclature for the family is FXD-domain containing ion transport regulator. Mouse FXD5 has been termed RIC (Related to Ion Channel). FXD2, also known as the gamma subunit of the Na,K-ATPase, regulates the properties of that enzyme. FXD1 (phospholemman), FXD2 (gamma), FXD3 (MAT-8), FXD4 (CHIF), and FXD5 (RIC) have been shown to induce channel activity in experimental expression systems. Transmembrane topology has been established for two family members (FXD1 and FXD2), with the N-terminus extracellular and the C-terminus on the cytoplasmic side of the membrane. This gene product, FXD5, is a glycoprotein that functions in the up-regulation of chemokine production, and it is involved in the reduction of cell adhesion via its ability to down-regulate E-cadherin. It also promotes metastasis, and has been linked to a variety of cancers. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [RefSeq curation by Kathleen J. Sweadner, Ph.D., sweadner@helix.mgh.harvard.edu., Sep 2009]

Product images:



Circular map for RG203917