

Product datasheet for **RC600007**

ErbB 3 (ERBB3) (NM_001005915) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	ErbB 3 (ERBB3) (NM_001005915) Human Tagged ORF Clone
Tag:	DDK-His
Symbol:	ErbB 3
Synonyms:	c-erbB-3; c-erbB3; ErbB-3; erbB3-S; FERLK; HER3; LCCS2; MDA-BF-1; p45-sErbB3; p85-sErbB3; p180-ErbB3
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pCMV6-XL5-DDK-His (PS100068)
E. coli Selection:	Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	>RC600007 representing leader sequence plus the extracellular domain region of NM_001005915 Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

GTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCTGGTACCGAGGAGATCCGCCGCCG
 CGATCGCC

ATGAGGGCGAACGACGCTCTGCAGGTGCTGGGCTTGCTTTTCAGCCTGGCCGGGGCTCCGAGGTGGGCA
 ACTCTCAGGCAGTGTGCTCTGGGACTCTGAATGGCCTGAGTGTGACCGGCGATGCTGAGAACCAATACCA
 GACACTGTACAAGCTCTACGAGAGGTGTGAGGTGGTGTGAGGGAACCTTGAGATTGTCTCACGGGACAC
 AATGCCGACCTCTCCTTCTGAGTGGATTGAGAAAGTACAGGCTATGCTCTGCGCCATGAATGAAT
 TCTCTACTCTACCATTGCCAACCTCCGCGTGGTGGGAGGACCCAGGTCTACGATGGGAAGTTTGCCAT
 CTTGTCATGTTGAATAACACCAACTCCAGCCAGCTCTGCGCCAGCTCCGCTTGACTCAGCTCACC
 GGTGAGTTCCCGATGGTTCTTCTGGCCTCACCCCTCAGCCAGCCCAAGACTGGTACCTCCTTGATGATG
 ACCCAAGACTGCTCACTCTAAGTGCCTCTTCCAAGGTGCCTGTCACCTTGCCGCTGTC

ACGCGTTCAGGCGACTACAAGGATGACGACGATAAGGGATCTCATCATCACCATCACCATTAAATGAGATC
 TGGTACCGATATCAAGCTTGTCGACTCTAGA


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Protein Sequence: >RC600007 representing signal peptide plus the extracellular domain region of NM_001005915
Red=Cloning sites **Green**= DDK and 6XHIS Tags

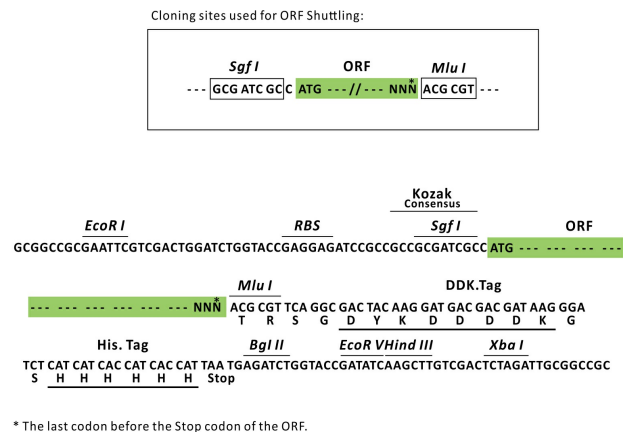
MRANDALQVLGLLFSARGSEVGNSQAVCPGTLNGLSVTGAENQYQTL YKLYERCEVVMGNLEIVLTGH
 NADLSFLQWIREVTGYVLVAMNEFSTLPLPNLRVVRGTQVYDGF AIFVMLNYNTNSSHALRQLRLTQLT
 GQFPMVPSGLTPQPAQDWYLLDDDPRLTL SASSKVPVTLAAV

TRSGTRSGDYKDDDDKGSHHHHHH

Chromatograms: https://cdn.origene.com/chromatograms/mk8117_c12.zip

Restriction Sites: SgfI-MluI

Cloning Scheme:



ACCN: NM_001005915

ORF Size: 958 bp

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. [More info](#)

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the extra cellular domain of the protein with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min. 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA. 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature. 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom. 5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.
Note:	Plasmids are not sterile. For experiments where strict sterility is required, filtration with 0.22um filter is required.
RefSeq:	<u>NM_001005915.1, NP_001005915.1</u>
RefSeq Size:	1050 bp
RefSeq ORF:	552 bp
Locus ID:	2065
UniProt ID:	<u>P21860</u>
Cytogenetics:	12q13.2
Protein Families:	Adult stem cells, Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase, Secreted Protein, Stem cell - Pluripotency, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Calcium signaling pathway, Endocytosis, ErbB signaling pathway
MW:	20.6 kDa
Gene Summary:	<p>This gene encodes a member of the epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) family of receptor tyrosine kinases. This membrane-bound protein has a neuregulin binding domain but not an active kinase domain. It therefore can bind this ligand but not convey the signal into the cell through protein phosphorylation. However, it does form heterodimers with other EGF receptor family members which do have kinase activity. Heterodimerization leads to the activation of pathways which lead to cell proliferation or differentiation. Amplification of this gene and/or overexpression of its protein have been reported in numerous cancers, including prostate, bladder, and breast tumors. Alternate transcriptional splice variants encoding different isoforms have been characterized. One isoform lacks the intermembrane region and is secreted outside the cell. This form acts to modulate the activity of the membrane-bound form. Additional splice variants have also been reported, but they have not been thoroughly characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]</p>