

Product datasheet for RC403388

1 Todact datasticct for Re-105500

FGFR1 (NM_023110) Human Mutant ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Mutant ORF Clones

Product Name: FGFR1 (NM 023110) Human Mutant ORF Clone

Mutation Description: S107X

Affected Codon#: 107

Affected NT#: 320

Nucleotide Mutation: FGFR1 Mutant (S107X), Myc-DDK-tagged ORF clone of Homo sapiens fibroblast growth factor

receptor 1 (FGFR1), transcript variant 1 as transfection-ready DNA

Effect: Kallmann syndrome

Symbol: FGFR1

Synonyms: bFGF-R-1; BFGFR; CD331; CEK; ECCL; FGFBR; FGFR-1; FLG; FLT-2; FLT2; HBGFR; HH2; HRTFDS;

KAL2; N-SAM; OGD

E. coli Selection: Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

Vector: pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM_023110

ORF Size: 318 bp

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com

FGFR1 (NM_023110) Human Mutant ORF Clone - RC403388

ORF Nucleotide Sequence:

>RC403388 representing NM_023110

Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

AGCGGACCGACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAGCAGAAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGGCAGCAAATGATATCCTCGGATTACAAGGATGACGACGA TAAGGTTTAA

Protein Sequence:

>RC403388 representing NM_023110 Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

 ${\tt MWSWKCLLFWAVLVTATLCTARPSPTLPEQAQPWGAPVEVESFLVHPGDLLQLRCRLRDDVQSINWLRDG} \\ {\tt VQLAESNRTRITGEEVEVQDSVPADSGLYACVTSSP} \\$

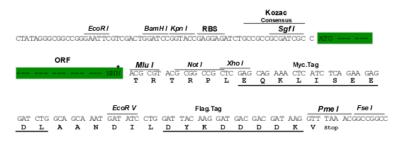
SGPTRTRRLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDK**V**

Restriction Sites:

Sgfl-Mlul

Cloning Scheme:





^{*} The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF



OTI Disclaimer:

Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore, OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA. Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at customer.com or by calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery.

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Note: Plasmids are not sterile. For experiments where strict sterility is required, filtration with

0.22um filter is required.

RefSeq: NP 075598

RefSeq Size: 318 bp
RefSeq ORF: 2469 bp
Locus ID: 2260
Cytogenetics: 8p11.23

Domains: ig, IGc2, IG

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Adherens junction, MAPK signaling pathway, Melanoma, Pathways in cancer, Prostate cancer,

Regulation of actin cytoskeleton

MW: 11.7 kDa



Gene Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor (FGFR) family, where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein consists of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. This particular family member binds both acidic and basic fibroblast growth factors and is involved in limb induction. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Pfeiffer syndrome, Jackson-Weiss syndrome, Antley-Bixler syndrome, osteoglophonic dysplasia, and autosomal dominant Kallmann syndrome 2. Chromosomal aberrations involving this gene are associated with stem cell myeloproliferative disorder and stem cell leukemia lymphoma syndrome. Alternatively spliced variants which encode different protein isoforms have been described; however, not all variants have been fully characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]