

## Product datasheet for **RC401035**

### **BTK (NM\_000061) Human Mutant ORF Clone**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Mutant ORF Clones
Product Name:	BTK (NM_000061) Human Mutant ORF Clone
Mutation Description:	P619A
Affected Codon#:	619
Affected NT#:	1855
Nucleotide Mutation:	BTK Mutant (P619A), Myc-DDK-tagged ORF clone of Homo sapiens Bruton agammaglobulinemia tyrosine kinase (BTK) as transfection-ready DNA
Effect:	Ammlobulinemi
Symbol:	BTK
Synonyms:	AGMX1; AT; ATK; BPK; IGHD3; IMD1; PSCTK1; XLA
E. coli Selection:	Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_000061
ORF Size:	1977 bp
Restriction Sites:	Sgfl-Mlul



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**ORF Nucleotide Sequence:**

>RC401035 representing NM\_000061  
 Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC  
 GCC**CGATCGCC**

ATGGCCGCAGTGATTCTGGAGAGCATCTTTCTGAAGCGATCCCAACAGAAAAAGAAAACATCACCTCTAA  
 ACTTCAAGAAGCGCCTGTTTCTTTGACCGTGCACAACTCTCCTACTATGAGTATGACTTTGAACGTGG  
 GAGAAGAGGCAGTAAGAAGGGTTCAATAGATGTTGAGAAGATCACTTGTGTTGAAACAGTGGTTCCTGAA  
 AAAAACTCTCCTCCAGAAAGACAGATTCGAGAAGAGGTGAAGAGTCCAGTGAATGGAGCAAATTTCAA  
 TCATTGAAAGGTTCCCTTATCCCTTCCAGGTTGTATATGATGAAGGGCCTCTCTACGCTTCTCCCAAC  
 TGAAGAATAAGGAAGCGGTGGATTACCAGCTCAAAAACGTAATCCGGTACAACAGTATCTGGTTCAG  
 AAATATCACCTTGTCTTGGATCGATGGCAGTATCTCTGCTGCTCAGACAGCCAAAAATGCTATGG  
 GCTGCCAAATTTGGAGAACAGGAATGGAAGCTTAAAACCTGGGAGTTCTCACCGGAAGCAAAAAAGCC  
 TCTTCCCAACGCCTGAGGAGGACCAGATCTTAAAAAGCCACTACCGCTGAGCCAGCAGCAGCACCA  
 GTCTCCACAAGTGAGCTGAAAAAGGTTGTGGCCCTTTATGATTACATGCCAATGAATGCAATGATCTAC  
 AGCTGCGGAAGGGTGATGAATATTTTATCTTGGAGGAAAGCAACTTACCATGGTGGAGAGCACGAGATAA  
 AAATGGGCAGGAAGGCTACATTCCTAGTAACTATGCACTGAAGCAGAAGACTCCATAGAAAATGTATGAG  
 TGGTATTCAAACACATGACTCGGAGTCAGGCTGAGCAACTGCTAAAGCAAGAGGGGAAAGAAGGAGGTT  
 TCATTGTCAGAGACTCCAGCAAAGCTGGCAAATATACAGTGTCTGTGTTTGTAAATCCACAGGGGACCC  
 TCAAGGGGTGATACGTCAATATGTTGTGTGTTCCACACCTCAGAGCCAGTATTACCTGGCTGAGAAGCAC  
 CTTTTACGACCATCCCTGAGCTCATTAACTACCATCAGCACAACCTCTGCAGGACTCATATCCAGGCTCA  
 AATATCCAGTGTCTCAACAAAAACAAGAATGCACCTTCCACTGCAGGCCCTGGGATACGGATCATGGGAAAT  
 TGATCCAAAGGACCTGACCTTCTTGAAGGAGCTGGGGACTGGACAATTTGGGGTAGTGAAGTATGGGAAA  
 TGGAGAGGCCAGTACGACGTGGCCATCAAGATGATCAAAGAAGGCTCCATGTCTGAAGATGAATTCATTG  
 AAGAAGCCAAAGTCATGATGAATCTTTCCCATGAGAAGCTGGTGCAGTTGTATGGCGTCTGCACCAAGCA  
 GCGCCCATCTTCATCATCACTGAGTACATGGCCAATGGCTGCCTCCTGAACTACCTGAGGGAGATGCGC  
 CACCGCTTCCAGACTCAGCAGCTGCTAGAGATGTGCAAGGATGTCTGTGAAGCCATGGAATACCTGGAGT  
 CAAAGCAGTTCCTTACCAGACCTGGCAGCTCGAACTGTTTGGTAAACGATCAAGGAGTTGTTAAAGT  
 ATCTGATTTCCGCTGTCCAGGTATGCTCTGGATGATGAATACACAAGCTCAGTAGGCTCCAATTTCCA  
 GTCCGGTGGTCCCACCAGGATCCTGATGTATAGCAAGTTCAGCAGCAAATCTGACATTTGGGCTTTTG  
 GGGTTTTGATGTGGGAAATTTACTCCCTGGGGAAGATGCCATATGAGAGATTTACTAACAGTGAGACTGC  
 TGAACACATTGCCAAGGCTACGTCTCTACAGGGCTCATCTGGCTTCAGAGAAGGTATATACCATCATG  
 TACAGTTGCTGGCATGAGAAAGCAGATGAGCGTCCCACTTTCAAATCTTCTGAGCAATATTCTAGATG  
 TCATGGATGAAGAATCC

AG**CGGACCG**ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAGCAGAAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGGCAGCAAATGATATCC  
 TGGATTACAAGGATGACGACGA TAAGGTTTAA

**Protein Sequence:** >RC401035 representing NM\_000061  
 Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MAAVILESIFLKRSQQKKKTSPLNFKKRLFLLTVHKLSYYEYDFERGRGSKKGSIDVEKITCVETVVPE  
 KNPPPERQIPRRGEESSEMEQISIIERFPYPFQVVYDEGPLYVFSPTEELRKRWIHQKLVIRYNSDLVQ  
 KYHPCFWIDGQYLCCSQTAKNAMGCQILENRNGLKPGSSHRKTKKPLPPTPEEDQILKKPLPPEPAAAP  
 VSTSELKKVVALYDYMPMNANDLQLRKGDEYFILEESNLPWWRARDKNGQEGYIPSNYVTEAEDSIEMYE  
 WYSKHMTRSQAELLLKQEGKEGGFIVRDSSKAGKYTVSVFAKSTGDPQGVIRHYVVCSTPQSYYLAEKH  
 LFSTIPELINYHQHNSAGLISRLLKYPVSQQNKAPSTAGLYGSWEIDPKDLTFLKELGTGQFGVVKYK  
 WRGQYDVAIKMIKEGSMSEDEFIEEAKVMMNLSHEKLVQLYGVCTKQRPFIITEYMANGCLLNLYREMR  
 HRFQTQQLLEMCKDVCEAMEYLESKQFLHRDLAARNCLVNDQGVVKSDFGLSRYVLDDEYTSVSGSKFP  
 VRWSPPEVLMYSKFSKSDIWAFGVLMWEIYSLGKMPYERFTNSETAEHIAQGLRLYRAHLASEKVVYTIM  
 YSCWHEKADERPTFKILLSNILDVMDEES

SGPTRRRRLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

**Restriction Sites:**

SgfI-MluI

**Cloning Scheme:**



<b>OTI Disclaimer:</b>	Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore, OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA. Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at <a href="mailto:custsupport@origene.com">custsupport@origene.com</a> or by calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery.
	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
<b>OTI Annotation:</b>	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
<b>Components:</b>	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
<b>Note:</b>	Plasmids are not sterile. For experiments where strict sterility is required, filtration with 0.22um filter is required.
<b>RefSeq:</b>	<a href="#">NP_000052</a>
<b>RefSeq Size:</b>	1977 bp
<b>RefSeq ORF:</b>	1980 bp
<b>Locus ID:</b>	695
<b>Cytogenetics:</b>	Xq22.1
<b>Domains:</b>	pkinase, SH2, TyrKc, SH3, BTK, PH, S_TKc
<b>Protein Families:</b>	Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase
<b>Protein Pathways:</b>	B cell receptor signaling pathway, Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway, Primary immunodeficiency
<b>MW:</b>	72.5 kDa
<b>Gene Summary:</b>	The protein encoded by this gene plays a crucial role in B-cell development. Mutations in this gene cause X-linked agammaglobulinemia type 1, which is an immunodeficiency characterized by the failure to produce mature B lymphocytes, and associated with a failure of Ig heavy chain rearrangement. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2013]