OriGene Technologies, Inc.
9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200
Rockville, MD 20850, US
Phone: +1-888-267-4436
https://www.origene.com
techsupport@origene.com
EU: info-de@origene.com
CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Product datasheet for RC237301

PIGG (NM_001289057) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	PIGG (NM_001289057) Human Tagged ORF Clone
Tag:	Myc-DDK
Symbol:	PIGG
Synonyms:	GPI7; LAS21; MRT53; PRO4405; RLGS1930
Vector:	pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)
E. coli Selection:	Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)
Cell Selection:	Neomycin
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	>RC237301 representing NM_001289057 Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s) TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC GCCGCGATCGCC ATGCCCTACACAACTTACCTTGTGGAAAAAGGAGCATCTCACAGTTTTGTGGCTGAAGCAAAGCCACCTA CAGTTACTATGCCTCGAATCAAGGCATTGATGACGGGGAGCCTTCCTGGCTTTGTCGACGTCATCAGGAA CCTCAATTCTCCTGCACTGCTGGAAGACAGTGTGATAAGACAAGCAAAAGCAGCTGGAAAAAGAATAGTC TTTTATGGAGATGAAACCTGGGTTAAATTATTCCCAAAGCATTTTGTGGAATATGATGGAACAACCTCAT TTTTCGTGTCAGATTACACAGAGGTGGATAATAATGTCACGAGGCATTTGGATAAAGTATTAAAAAGAGG AGATTGGGACATATTAATCCTCCACTACCTGGGGCTGGACCACATTGGCCACATTTCAGGGCCCAACAGC CCCCTGATTGGGCAGAAGCTGAGCGAGATGGACAGCGTGCTGATGAAGATCCACACCTCACTGCAGTCGA AGGAGAGAGAGACGCCTTTACCCAATTTGCTGGTTCTTTGTGGTGACCATGGCATGTCTGAAACAGGAAG TCACGGGGCCTCCTCCACCGAGGAGGTGAATACACCTCTGATTTTAATCAGTTCTGCGTTTGAAAGGAAA CCCGGTGATATCCGACATCCAAAGCACGTCCAACAGACGGATGTGGCTGCGACACTGGCGATAGCACTTG GCTTACCGATTCCAAAAGACAGTGTAGGGAGCCTCCTATTCCCAGTTGTGGAAGGAAGACCAATGAGAGA GCAGTTGAGATTTTTACATTTGAATACAGTGCAGCTTAGTAAACTGTTGCAAGAGAATGTGCCGTCATAT GAAAAAGGTTCTCACCCTGCTCCTGCTCAGCGTCCCACAGGCACTGCGCAGAAAGGC ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAGCAGAAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGGCAGCAAATGATATCCTGGATT ACAAGGATGACGACGATAAGGTTTAA

View online »

Protein Sequence:

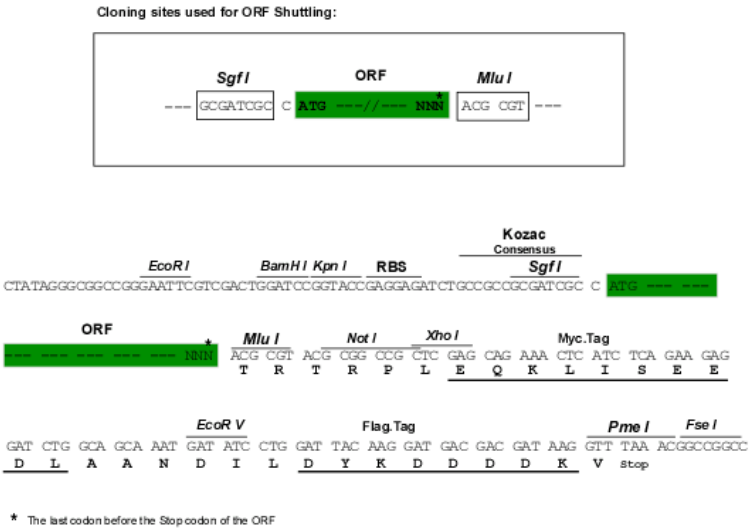
>RC237301 representing NM_001289057
Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MPYTTYLVEKGASHSFVAEAKPPTVTMPRIKALMTGSLPGFVDVIRNLNSPALLEDSVIRQAKAAGKRIV
FYGDETWVKLFPKHFVEYDGTTSFFVSDYTEVDNNVTRHLDKVLKRGDWDILILHYLGLDHIGHISGPNS
PLIGQKLSEMDSVLMKIHTSLQSKERETPLPNLLVLCGDHGMSETGSHGASSTEEVNTPLILISSAFERK
PGDIRHPKHVQQTDVAATLAIALGLPIPKDSVGSLLFPVVEGRPMREQLRFLHLNTVQLSKLLQENVPSY
EKGSHPAPAQRPTGTAQKG

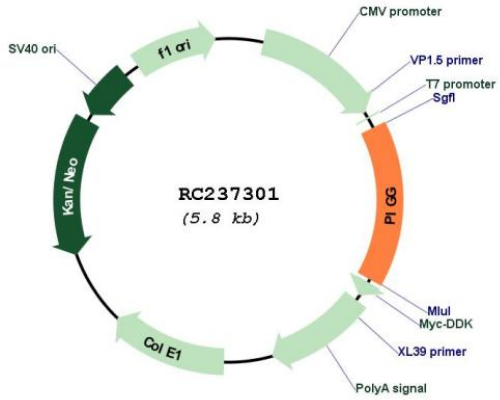
TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Restriction Sites: SgfI-MluI

Cloning Scheme:



Plasmid Map:



ACCN: NM_001289057

ORF Size: 897 bp

OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
Components:	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
Reconstitution Method:	1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min. 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA. 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature. 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom. 5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.
RefSeq:	NM_001289057.1, NP_001275986.1
RefSeq Size:	2685 bp
RefSeq ORF:	900 bp
Locus ID:	54872
UniProt ID:	Q5H8A4
Cytogenetics:	4p16.3
Protein Families:	Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Glycosylphosphatidylinositol(GPI)-anchor biosynthesis
MW:	33.4 kDa
Gene Summary:	This gene encodes an enzyme involved in glycosylphosphatidylinositol-anchor biosynthesis. The encoded protein, which is localized to the endoplasmic reticulum, is involved in transferring ethanoloamine phosphate to mannose 2 of glycosylphosphatidylinositol species H7 to form species H8. Allelic variants of this gene have been associated with intellectual disability, hypotonia, and early-onset seizures. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2016]