

Product datasheet for RC236207

SLAMF7 (NM_001282588) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids
Product Name: SLAMF7 (NM_001282588) Human Tagged ORF Clone
Tag: Myc-DDK
Symbol: SLAMF7
Synonyms: 19A; CD319; CRACC; CS1
Vector: pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)
E. coli Selection: Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)
Cell Selection: Neomycin
ORF Nucleotide Sequence: >RC236207 representing NM_001282588
Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC
GCC**CGATCGCC**

ATGGCTGGTCCCAACATGCCTCACCTCATCTATATCCTTTGGCAGCTCACAGGGTCAGCAGCCTCTG
GACCCGTGAAAGAGCTGGTCGGTCCGTTGGTGGGCCGTGACTTCCCCCTGAAGTCAAAGTAAAGCA
AGTTGACTCTATTGTCTGGACCTCAACACAACCCCTCTGTGACCATACAGCCAGAAGGGGGCACTATC
ATAGTGACCCAAAATCGTAATAGGGAGAGAGTAGACTTCCAGATGGAGGCTACTCCCTGAAGCTCAGCA
AACTGAAGAAGAATGACTCAGGGATCTACTATGTGGGGATATACAGCTCATCACTCCAGCAGCCCTCCAC
CCAGGAGTACGTGCTGCTACGAGAACAATCCTAAAGGAAGATCCAGCAAATACGGTTTACTCCAC
TGTGAAAATACGAAAAGATGAAAAATCCCCACTCACTGCTCACGATGCCAGACACCAAGGCTATTT
GCCTA

ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAGCAGAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGGCAGCAAATGATATCCTGGATT
ACAAGGATGACGACGATAAGGTTTAA

Protein Sequence: >RC236207 representing NM_001282588
Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

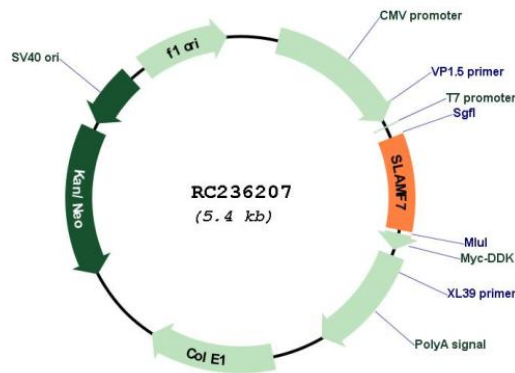
MAGSPTCLTIYLWQLTGSAAAGPVKELVGSVGGAVTFPLKSKVKQVDSIVWTFNTTPLVTIQPEGGTI
IVTQNRNRERVDFFPDGGYSLKLSKLNKNDSGIYYVGIYSSSLQPPSTQEYVLHVYENPNKGRSSKYGLLH
CGNTEKDGKSPHTAHDARHTKAICL

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Restriction Sites: SgfI-MluI



Cloning Scheme:

Plasmid Map:


ACCN: NM_001282588

ORF Size: 495 bp

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. [More info](#)

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.

Components:	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
Reconstitution Method:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.
RefSeq:	<u>NM_001282588.1</u> , <u>NP_001269517.1</u>
RefSeq Size:	2411 bp
RefSeq ORF:	498 bp
Locus ID:	57823
UniProt ID:	<u>Q9NQ25</u>
Cytogenetics:	1q23.3
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
MW:	18.4 kDa
Gene Summary:	Self-ligand receptor of the signaling lymphocytic activation molecule (SLAM) family. SLAM receptors triggered by homo- or heterotypic cell-cell interactions are modulating the activation and differentiation of a wide variety of immune cells and thus are involved in the regulation and interconnection of both innate and adaptive immune response. Activities are controlled by presence or absence of small cytoplasmic adapter proteins, SH2D1A/SAP and/or SH2D1B/EAT-2. Isoform 1 mediates NK cell activation through a SH2D1A-independent extracellular signal-regulated ERK-mediated pathway (PubMed:11698418). Positively regulates NK cell functions by a mechanism dependent on phosphorylated SH2D1B. Downstream signaling implicates PLCG1, PLCG2 and PI3K (PubMed:16339536). In addition to heterotypic NK cells-target cells interactions also homotypic interactions between NK cells may contribute to activation. However, in the absence of SH2D1B, inhibits NK cell function. Acts also inhibitory in T-cells (By similarity). May play a role in lymphocyte adhesion (PubMed:11802771). In LPS-activated monocytes negatively regulates production of proinflammatory cytokines (PubMed:23695528).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]