

## Product datasheet for **RC234410**

### HDAC9 (NM\_001204146) Human Tagged ORF Clone

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	HDAC9 (NM_001204146) Human Tagged ORF Clone
Tag:	Myc-DDK
Symbol:	HDAC9
Synonyms:	HD7; HD7b; HD9; HDAC; HDAC7; HDAC7B; HDAC9B; HDAC9FL; HDRP; MITR
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)
E. coli Selection:	Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)



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**Cloning Scheme:**


**ACCN:** NM\_001204146

**ORF Size:** 1647 bp

**OTI Disclaimer:** The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. [More info](#)

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**Components:** The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

- Reconstitution Method:**
1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
  2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
  3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
  4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
  5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

**RefSeq:** [NM\\_001204146.2](#)

**RefSeq Size:** 4304 bp

**RefSeq ORF:** 1650 bp

**Locus ID:** 9734

**UniProt ID:** [Q9UKV0](#)

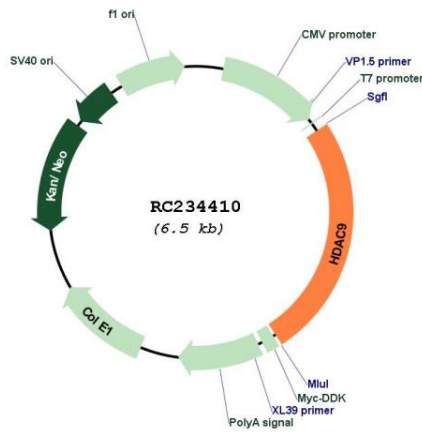
**Cytogenetics:** 7p21.1

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors

**MW:** 61.6 kDa

**Gene Summary:** Histones play a critical role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression, and developmental events. Histone acetylation/deacetylation alters chromosome structure and affects transcription factor access to DNA. The protein encoded by this gene has sequence homology to members of the histone deacetylase family. This gene is orthologous to the *Xenopus* and mouse *MITR* genes. The *MITR* protein lacks the histone deacetylase catalytic domain. It represses MEF2 activity through recruitment of multicomponent corepressor complexes that include CtBP and HDACs. This encoded protein may play a role in hematopoiesis. Multiple alternatively spliced transcripts have been described for this gene but the full-length nature of some of them has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Product images:**



Circular map for RC234410