

## Product datasheet for RC231391L4V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## GLCNE (GNE) (NM\_001190388) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** GLCNE (GNE) (NM\_001190388) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: GLCNE

Synonyms: DMRV; GLCNE; IBM2; NM; Uae1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_001190388

ORF Size: 2151 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC231391).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeq:** NM 001190388.1, NP 001177317.1

 RefSeq ORF:
 1992 bp

 Locus ID:
 10020

 UniProt ID:
 Q9Y223

 Cytogenetics:
 9p13.3

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome

**Protein Pathways:** Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar metabolism, Metabolic pathways

**MW:** 79 kDa





## **Gene Summary:**

The protein encoded by this gene is a bifunctional enzyme that initiates and regulates the biosynthesis of N-acetylneuraminic acid (NeuAc), a precursor of sialic acids. It is a rate-limiting enzyme in the sialic acid biosynthetic pathway. Sialic acid modification of cell surface molecules is crucial for their function in many biologic processes, including cell adhesion and signal transduction. Differential sialylation of cell surface molecules is also implicated in the tumorigenicity and metastatic behavior of malignant cells. Mutations in this gene are associated with sialuria, autosomal recessive inclusion body myopathy, and Nonaka myopathy. Alternative splicing of this gene results in transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]