

Product datasheet for **RC231203L4V**

IRF3 (NM_001197123) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	IRF3 (NM_001197123) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	IRF3
Synonyms:	IIAE7
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001197123
ORF Size:	1176 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC231203).
OTI Disclaimer:	<p>Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore, OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA. Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at custsupport@origene.com or by calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery.</p> <p>The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info</p>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_001197123.1
RefSeq ORF:	1179 bp
Locus ID:	3661



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UniProt ID:	<u>Q14653</u>
Cytogenetics:	19q13.33
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors
Protein Pathways:	Cytosolic DNA-sensing pathway, RIG-I-like receptor signaling pathway, Toll-like receptor signaling pathway
MW:	43.4 kDa
Gene Summary:	<p>This gene encodes a member of the interferon regulatory transcription factor (IRF) family. The encoded protein is found in an inactive cytoplasmic form that upon serine/threonine phosphorylation forms a complex with CREBBP. This complex translocates to the nucleus and activates the transcription of interferons alpha and beta, as well as other interferon-induced genes. The protein plays an important role in the innate immune response against DNA and RNA viruses. Mutations in this gene are associated with Encephalopathy, acute, infection-induced, herpes-specific, 7. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2020]</p>