

Product datasheet for RC231130L3V

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Wilms Tumor Protein (WT1) (NM 001198552) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Wilms Tumor Protein (WT1) (NM 001198552) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Wilms Tumor Protein

Synonyms: AWT1; GUD; NPHS4; WAGR; WIT-2; WT33

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001198552

ORF Size: 864 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC231130).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 001198552.1

 RefSeq ORF:
 867 bp

 Locus ID:
 7490

 UniProt ID:
 P19544

 Cytogenetics:
 11p13

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors

MW: 33.5 kDa





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Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a transcription factor that contains four zinc-finger motifs at the C-terminus and a proline/glutamine-rich DNA-binding domain at the N-terminus. It has an essential role in the normal development of the urogenital system, and it is mutated in a small subset of patients with Wilms tumor. This gene exhibits complex tissue-specific and polymorphic imprinting pattern, with biallelic, and monoallelic expression from the maternal and paternal alleles in different tissues. Multiple transcript variants have been described. In several variants, there is evidence for the use of a non-AUG (CUG) translation initiation codon upstream of, and in-frame with the first AUG. Authors of PMID:7926762 also provide evidence that WT1 mRNA undergoes RNA editing in human and rat, and that this process is tissue-restricted and developmentally regulated. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2015]