

## Product datasheet for **RC231101L3V**

### Asialoglycoprotein Receptor 1 (ASGR1) (NM\_001197216) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Asialoglycoprotein Receptor 1 (ASGR1) (NM_001197216) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Asialoglycoprotein Receptor 1
Synonyms:	ASGPR; ASGPR1; CLEC4H1; HL-1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_001197216
ORF Size:	756 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC231101).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_001197216.1</a>
RefSeq ORF:	759 bp
Locus ID:	432
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P07306</a>
Cytogenetics:	17p13.1
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
MW:	29.6 kDa



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**Gene Summary:**

This gene encodes a subunit of the asialoglycoprotein receptor. This receptor is a transmembrane protein that plays a critical role in serum glycoprotein homeostasis by mediating the endocytosis and lysosomal degradation of glycoproteins with exposed terminal galactose or N-acetylgalactosamine residues. The asialoglycoprotein receptor may facilitate hepatic infection by multiple viruses including hepatitis B, and is also a target for liver-specific drug delivery. The asialoglycoprotein receptor is a hetero-oligomeric protein composed of major and minor subunits, which are encoded by different genes. The protein encoded by this gene is the more abundant major subunit. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2011]