

# **Product datasheet for RC230787**

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## MDH1 (NM\_001199112) Human Tagged ORF Clone

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Expression Plasmids

**Product Name:** MDH1 (NM\_001199112) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Tag: Myc-DDK
Symbol: MDH1

Synonyms: DEE88; EIEE88; HEL-S-32; KAR; MDH-s; MDHA; MGC:1375; MOR2

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

Vector: pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)

E. coli Selection: Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)

ORF Nucleotide >RC230787 representing NM\_001199112
Sequence: Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCCGCCGCGATCGCC

ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAGCAGAAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGGCAGCAAATGATATCCTGGATTACAAGGATGACGACGATAAGGTTTAA





>RC230787 representing NM\_001199112 **Protein Sequence:** 

Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MSEPIRVLVTGAAGQIAYSLLYSIGNGSVFGKDQPIILVLLDITPMMGVLDGVLMELQDCALPLLKDVIA TDKEDVAFKDLDVAILVGSMPRREGMERKDLLKANVKIFKSQGAALDKYAKKSVKVIVVGNPANTNCLTA SKSAPSIPKENFSCLTRLDHNRAKAQIALKLGVTANDVKNVIIWGNHSSTQYPDVNHAKVKLQGKEVGVY EALKDDSWLKGEFVTTVQQRGAAVIKARKLSSAMSAAKAICDHVRDIWFGTPEGEFVSMGVISDGNSYGV PDDLLYSFPVVIKNKTWKFVEGLPINDFSREKMDLTAKELTEEKESAFEFLSSA

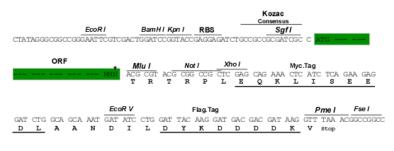
TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

**Restriction Sites:** Sgfl-Mlul

**Cloning Scheme:** 

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:





<sup>\*</sup> The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF

ACCN: NM\_001199112

**ORF Size:** 1005 bp

OTI Disclaimer: Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore,

OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA. Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at custsupport@origene.com or by

calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery.

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

### MDH1 (NM\_001199112) Human Tagged ORF Clone - RC230787

**Components:** The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

**Reconstitution Method:** 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001199112.1</u>, <u>NP 001186041.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 1364 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 738 bp

 Locus ID:
 4190

 UniProt ID:
 P40925

 Cytogenetics:
 2p15

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Citrate cycle (TCA cycle), Glyoxylate and dicarboxylate metabolism, Metabolic pathways,

Pyruvate metabolism

MW: 36.4 kDa

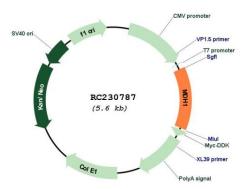
**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes an enzyme that catalyzes the NAD/NADH-dependent, reversible oxidation

of malate to oxaloacetate in many metabolic pathways, including the citric acid cycle. Two main isozymes are known to exist in eukaryotic cells: one is found in the mitochondrial matrix and the other in the cytoplasm. This gene encodes the cytosolic isozyme, which plays a key role in the malate-aspartate shuttle that allows malate to pass through the mitochondrial membrane to be transformed into oxaloacetate for further cellular processes. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. A recent study showed that a C-terminally extended isoform is produced by use of an alternative in-frame translation termination codon via a stop codon readthrough mechanism, and that this isoform is localized in the peroxisomes. Pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes X and 6.

[provided by RefSeq, Feb 2016]



# **Product images:**



Circular map for RC230787