

## Product datasheet for RC230552L3

### BCAR1 (NM\_001170718) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

#### Product data:

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| Product Type:             | Expression Plasmids  |
| Product Name:             | BCAR1 (NM_001170718) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone              |
| Tag:                      | Myc-DDK  |
| Symbol:                   | BCAR1  |
| Synonyms:                 | CAS; CAS1; CASS1; CRKAS; P130Cas                               |
| Mammalian Cell Selection: | Puromycin  |
| Vector:                   | pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)                           |
| E. coli Selection:        | Chloramphenicol (34 ug/mL)                                     |
| ORF Nucleotide Sequence:  | The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC230552). |
| Restriction Sites:        | SgfI-MluI  |
| Cloning Scheme:           |  |

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:



\* The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF.



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|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| <b>UniProt ID:</b>       | <a href="#">P56945</a>  |
| <b>Cytogenetics:</b>     | 16q23.1   |
| <b>Protein Families:</b> | Druggable Genome  |
| <b>Protein Pathways:</b> | Chemokine signaling pathway, Focal adhesion, Leukocyte transendothelial migration, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton   |
| <b>MW:</b>               | 93.7 kDa  |
| <b>Gene Summary:</b>     | <p>The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the Crk-associated substrate (CAS) family of scaffold proteins, characterized by the presence of multiple protein-protein interaction domains and many serine and tyrosine phosphorylation sites. The encoded protein contains a Src-homology 3 (SH3) domain, a proline-rich domain, a substrate domain which contains 15 repeat of the YxxP consensus phosphorylation motif for Src family kinases, a serine-rich domain, and a bipartite Src-binding domain, which can bind both SH2 and SH3 domains. This adaptor protein functions in multiple cellular pathways, including in cell motility, apoptosis and cell cycle control. Dysregulation of this gene can have a wide range of effects, affecting different pathways, including cardiac development, vascular smooth muscle cells, liver and kidney function, endothelial migration, and cancer. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2017]</p> |