

## Product datasheet for **RC230407L3V**

### **ZNF185 (NM\_001178109) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

#### Product data:

|                                  |                                      |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <b>Product Type:</b>             | Lentiviral Particles                 |
| <b>Symbol:</b>                   | ZNF185                               |
| <b>Synonyms:</b>                 | SCell                                |
| <b>Mammalian Cell Selection:</b> | Puromycin                            |
| <b>Vector:</b>                   | pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092) |
| <b>Tag:</b>                      | Myc-DDK                              |
| <b>ACCN:</b>                     | NM_001178109                         |
| <b>ORF Size:</b>                 | 1980 bp                              |

**ORF Nucleotide Sequence:** The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC230407).

**OTI Disclaimer:** The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. [More info](#)

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeq:** [NM\\_001178109.1](#), [NP\\_001171580.1](#)

**RefSeq ORF:** 1983 bp

**Locus ID:** 7739

**UniProt ID:** [O15231](#)

**Cytogenetics:** Xq28

**MW:** 70.8 kDa



**Gene Summary:**

Zinc-finger proteins bind nucleic acids and play important roles in various cellular functions, including cell proliferation, differentiation, and apoptosis. This gene encodes a LIM-domain zinc finger protein. The LIM domain is composed of two contiguous zinc finger domains, separated by a two-amino acid residue hydrophobic linker. The LIM domain mediates protein:protein interactions. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified.[provided by RefSeq, May 2010]