

## Product datasheet for **RC230258L4V**

### PIP5K3 (PIKFYVE) (NM\_001178000) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	PIP5K3 (PIKFYVE) (NM_001178000) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	PIP5K3
Synonyms:	CFD; FAB1; HEL37; PIP5K; PIP5K3; ZFYVE29
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001178000
ORF Size:	1644 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC230258).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_001178000.1</a> , <a href="#">NP_001171471.1</a>
RefSeq ORF:	1647 bp
Locus ID:	200576
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q9Y2I7</a>
Cytogenetics:	2q34
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
Protein Pathways:	Endocytosis, Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis, Inositol phosphate metabolism, Metabolic pathways, Phosphatidylinositol signaling system, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton



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**MW:** 62 kDa

**Gene Summary:** Phosphorylated derivatives of phosphatidylinositol (PtdIns) regulate cytoskeletal functions, membrane trafficking, and receptor signaling by recruiting protein complexes to cell- and endosomal-membranes. Humans have multiple PtdIns proteins that differ by the degree and position of phosphorylation of the inositol ring. This gene encodes an enzyme (PIKfyve; also known as phosphatidylinositol-3-phosphate 5-kinase type III or PIPKIII) that phosphorylates the D-5 position in PtdIns and phosphatidylinositol-3-phosphate (PtdIns3P) to make PtdIns5P and PtdIns(3,5)biphosphate. The D-5 position also can be phosphorylated by type I PtdIns4P-5-kinases (PIP5Ks) that are encoded by distinct genes and preferentially phosphorylate D-4 phosphorylated PtdIns. In contrast, PIKfyve preferentially phosphorylates D-3 phosphorylated PtdIns. In addition to being a lipid kinase, PIKfyve also has protein kinase activity. PIKfyve regulates endomembrane homeostasis and plays a role in the biogenesis of endosome carrier vesicles from early endosomes. Mutations in this gene cause corneal fleck dystrophy (CFD); an autosomal dominant disorder characterized by numerous small white flecks present in all layers of the corneal stroma. Histologically, these flecks appear to be keratocytes distended with lipid and mucopolysaccharide filled intracytoplasmic vacuoles. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.[provided by RefSeq, May 2010]