

## Product datasheet for RC229912L4V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## PPAR delta (PPARD) (NM 001171820) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: PPAR delta (PPARD) (NM\_001171820) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PPAR delta

Synonyms: FAAR; NR1C2; NUC1; NUCI; NUCI; PPARB

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_001171820

ORF Size: 1029 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC229912).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeq:** NM 001171820.1, NP 001165291.1

 RefSeq ORF:
 1032 bp

 Locus ID:
 5467

 UniProt ID:
 Q03181

Cytogenetics: 6p21.31

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Nuclear Hormone Receptor, Transcription Factors

**Protein Pathways:** Acute myeloid leukemia, Pathways in cancer, PPAR signaling pathway, Wnt signaling pathway

MW: 39.3 kDa





## **Gene Summary:**

This gene encodes a member of the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR) family. The encoded protein is thought to function as an integrator of transcriptional repression and nuclear receptor signaling. It may inhibit the ligand-induced transcriptional activity of peroxisome proliferator activated receptors alpha and gamma, though evidence for this effect is inconsistent. Expression of this gene in colorectal cancer cells may be variable but is typically relatively low. Knockout studies in mice suggested a role for this protein in myelination of the corpus callosum, lipid metabolism, differentiation, and epidermal cell proliferation. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct protein isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2017]