

## Product datasheet for RC229790

### MYD88 (NM\_001172568) Human Tagged ORF Clone

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	MYD88 (NM_001172568) Human Tagged ORF Clone
Tag:	Myc-DDK
Symbol:	MYD88
Synonyms:	IMD68; MYD88D
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)
E. coli Selection:	Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	>RC229790 representing NM_001172568 Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGCCGGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC  
GCC**CGATCGCC**

ATGCGACCCGACCGCGCTGAGGCTCCAGGACCGCCGCCATGGCTGCAGGAGGTCCCGCGCGGGTCTG  
CGGCCCGGTCTCCTCCACATCCTCCCTCCCTGGCTGCTCTCAACATGCGAGTGCGGCCCGCTGTC  
TCTGTTCTTGACGTGCGGACACAGGTGGCGCCGACTGGACCGCTGGCGGAGGAGATGGACTTTGAG  
TACTTGGAGATCCGGCAACTGGAGACACAAGCGGACCCCACTGGCAGGCTGCTGGACGCTGGCAGGGAC  
GCCCTGGCGCCTCTGTAGGCCGACTGCTCGAGTGCTTACCAAGCTGGGCCGCGACGACGTGCTGCTGGA  
GCTGGGACCCAGCATTGGGCATATGCCTGAGCGTTTCGATGCCTTCATCTGCTATTGCCCCAGCGACATC  
CAGTTTGTGCAGGAGATGATCCGGCAACTGGAACAGACAACTATCGACTGAAGTTGTGTGTCTGACC  
GCGATGTCCTGCCTGGCCTGTGTCTGGTCTATTGCTAGTGAGCTCATCGAAAAGAGGTGCCGCCGGAT  
GGTGGTGGTTGTCTCTGATGATTACCTGCAGAGCAAGGAATGTGACTTCCAGACCAAAATTTGCACTCAGC  
CTCTCTCCAGGTGCCATCAGAAGCGACTGATCCCATCAAGTACAAGGCAATGAAGAAAGAGTTCCCA  
GCATCTGAGGTTCACTGCTGCGACTACCAACCCCTGCACCAAACTTTGGTTCTGGACTCGCCT  
TGCCAAGGCCTTGTCCTGCC

**ACGCGT**ACGCGGCCGCTCGAGCAGAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGGCAGCAAATGATATCCTGGATT  
ACAAGGATGACGACGATAAGGTTTAA



**Protein Sequence:** >RC229790 representing NM\_001172568  
 Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MRPDRAEAPGPPAMAAGGPGAGSAAPVSSTSSLPLAALNMRVRRRLSLFLNVRTQVAADWTALAEEMDFE  
 YLEIRQLETQADPTGRLLDAWQGRPGASVGRLLLELLTKLGRDDVLELGPSTIGHMPERFDFAFICYCPSDI  
 QFVQEMIRQLEQTNYRLKLCVSDRDVLPGTCVWSIASLEIEKRCRRMVVVSSDDYLQSKCEDFQTKFALS  
 LSPGAHQKRLIPIKYKAMKKEFPSILRFITVCDYTNPCTKSWFWTRLAKALSLP

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

**Restriction Sites:** Sgfl-MluI

**Cloning Scheme:**

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:



\* The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF

**ACCN:** NM\_001172568

**ORF Size:** 792 bp

**OTI Disclaimer:** The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. [More info](#)

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**Components:** The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

**Reconstitution Method:**

1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

**RefSeq:** [NM\\_001172568.1](#), [NP\\_001166039.1](#)

**RefSeq ORF:** 756 bp

**Locus ID:** 4615

**UniProt ID:** [Q99836](#)

**Cytogenetics:** 3p22.2

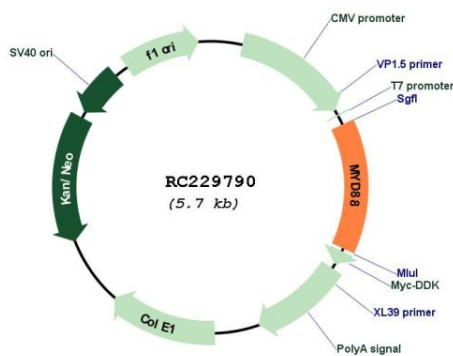
**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome

**Protein Pathways:** Apoptosis, Toll-like receptor signaling pathway

**MW:** 30.1 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a cytosolic adapter protein that plays a central role in the innate and adaptive immune response. This protein functions as an essential signal transducer in the interleukin-1 and Toll-like receptor signaling pathways. These pathways regulate that activation of numerous proinflammatory genes. The encoded protein consists of an N-terminal death domain and a C-terminal Toll-interleukin1 receptor domain. Patients with defects in this gene have an increased susceptibility to pyogenic bacterial infections. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2010]

**Product images:**



Circular map for RC229790