

#### Product datasheet for RC229038L3V

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

### Alpha Dystroglycan (DAG1) (NM\_001165928) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Alpha Dystroglycan (DAG1) (NM\_001165928) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: DAG1

Synonyms: 156DAG; A3a; AGRNR; DAG; LGMDR16; MDDGA9; MDDGC7; MDDGC9

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

**ACCN:** NM\_001165928

ORF Size: 2685 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC229038).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeq:** NM 001165928.3, NP 001159400.2

RefSeq Size: 5904 bp
RefSeq ORF: 2688 bp
Locus ID: 1605
UniProt ID: Q14118

Cytogenetics: 3p21.31

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein, Transmembrane





# Alpha Dystroglycan (DAG1) (NM\_001165928) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC229038L3V

Protein Pathways: Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy (ARVC), Dilated cardiomyopathy, ECM-

receptor interaction, Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM), Viral myocarditis

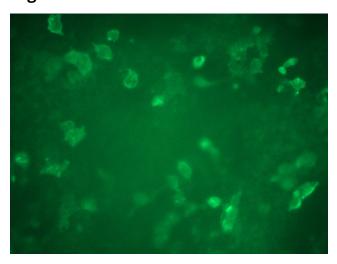
**MW:** 97.5 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes dystroglycan, a central component of dystrophin-glycoprotein complex

that links the extracellular matrix and the cytoskeleton in the skeletal muscle. The encoded preproprotein undergoes O- and N-glycosylation, and proteolytic processing to generate alpha and beta subunits. Certain mutations in this gene are known to cause distinct forms of muscular dystrophy. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants, all encoding

the same protein. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2015]

## **Product images:**



[RC229038L3] was used to prepare Lentiviral particles using [TR30037] packaging kit. HEK293T cells were transduced with RC229038L3V particle to overexpress human DAG1-Myc-DDK fusion protein.