

Product datasheet for RC228888L1V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

GSK3 beta (GSK3B) (NM 001146156) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: GSK3 beta (GSK3B) (NM 001146156) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: GSK3 beta

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001146156

ORF Size: 1260 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC228888).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001146156.1</u>

 RefSeq ORF:
 1263 bp

 Locus ID:
 2932

 UniProt ID:
 P49841

 Cytogenetics:
 3q13.33

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase





Protein Pathways: Alzheimer's disease, Axon guidance, Basal cell carcinoma, B cell receptor signaling pathway,

Cell cycle, Chemokine signaling pathway, Colorectal cancer, Endometrial cancer, ErbB signaling pathway, Focal adhesion, Hedgehog signaling pathway, Insulin signaling pathway, Melanogenesis, Neurotrophin signaling pathway, Pathways in cancer, Prostate cancer, T cell

receptor signaling pathway, Wnt signaling pathway

MW: 46.6 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a serine-threonine kinase belonging to the glycogen

synthase kinase subfamily. It is a negative regulator of glucose homeostasis and is involved in energy metabolism, inflammation, ER-stress, mitochondrial dysfunction, and apoptotic pathways. Defects in this gene have been associated with Parkinson disease and Alzheimer

disease. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2017]