

Product datasheet for RC228491L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Glypican 3 (GPC3) (NM 001164617) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Glypican 3 (GPC3) (NM_001164617) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Glypican 3

Synonyms: DGSX; GTR2-2; MXR7; OCI-5; SDYS; SGB; SGBS; SGBS1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001164617

ORF Size: 1809 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC228491).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001164617.1</u>

 RefSeq ORF:
 1812 bp

 Locus ID:
 2719

UniProt ID: P51654

Cytogenetics: Xq26.2

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

MW: 68.41 kDa





Gene Summary:

Cell surface heparan sulfate proteoglycans are composed of a membrane-associated protein core substituted with a variable number of heparan sulfate chains. Members of the glypican-related integral membrane proteoglycan family (GRIPS) contain a core protein anchored to the cytoplasmic membrane via a glycosyl phosphatidylinositol linkage. These proteins may play a role in the control of cell division and growth regulation. The protein encoded by this gene can bind to and inhibit the dipeptidyl peptidase activity of CD26, and it can induce apoptosis in certain cell types. Deletion mutations in this gene are associated with Simpson-Golabi-Behmel syndrome, also known as Simpson dysmorphia syndrome. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2009]