

Product datasheet for RC228377L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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5HT3A receptor (HTR3A) (NM 001161772) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: 5HT3A receptor (HTR3A) (NM_001161772) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: HTR3A

Synonyms: 5-HT-3; 5-HT3A; 5-HT3R; 5HT3R; HTR3

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001161772

ORF Size: 1389 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC228377).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

Cytogenetics:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001161772.2</u>

11q23.2

 RefSeq ORF:
 1392 bp

 Locus ID:
 3359

 UniProt ID:
 P46098

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Ion Channels: Cys-loop Receptors, Transmembrane

MW: 53.6 kDa





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Gene Summary:

The product of this gene belongs to the ligand-gated ion channel receptor superfamily. This gene encodes subunit A of the type 3 receptor for 5-hydroxytryptamine (serotonin), a biogenic hormone that functions as a neurotransmitter, a hormone, and a mitogen. This receptor causes fast, depolarizing responses in neurons after activation. It appears that the heteromeric combination of A and B subunits is necessary to provide the full functional features of this receptor, since either subunit alone results in receptors with very low conductance and response amplitude. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]