

## Product datasheet for **RC227943L4V**

### PTP kappa (PTPRK) (NM\_001135648) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	PTP kappa (PTPRK) (NM_001135648) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	PTP kappa
Synonyms:	R-PTP-kappa
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001135648
ORF Size:	4338 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC227943).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_001135648.1</a>
RefSeq ORF:	4341 bp
Locus ID:	5796
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q15262</a>
Cytogenetics:	6q22.33
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Phosphatase, Transmembrane
MW:	163 kDa



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**Gene Summary:**

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP possesses an extracellular region, a single transmembrane region, and two tandem catalytic domains, and thus represents a receptor-type PTP. The extracellular region contains a meprin-A5 antigen-PTP mu (MAM) domain, an Ig-like domain and four fibronectin type III-like repeats. This PTP was shown to mediate homophilic intercellular interaction, possibly through the interaction with beta- and gamma-catenin at adherens junctions. Expression of this gene was found to be stimulated by TGF-beta 1, which may be important for the inhibition of keratinocyte proliferation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]