

Product datasheet for RC227797L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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FGF1 (NM_001144935) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: FGF1 (NM_001144935) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: FGF1

Synonyms: AFGF; ECGF; ECGF-beta; ECGFA; ECGFB; FGF-1; FGF-alpha; FGFA; GLIO703; HBGF-1; HBGF1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_001144935

ORF Size: 465 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC227797).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 001144935.1

 RefSeq Size:
 3781 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 468 bp

 Locus ID:
 2246

 UniProt ID:
 P05230

 Cytogenetics:
 5q31.3

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein

Protein Pathways: MAPK signaling pathway, Melanoma, Pathways in cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton





ORIGENE

MW: 17.5 kDa

Gene Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor (FGF) family. FGF family members possess broad mitogenic and cell survival activities, and are involved in a variety of biological processes, including embryonic development, cell growth, morphogenesis, tissue repair, tumor growth and invasion. This protein functions as a modifier of endothelial cell migration and proliferation, as well as an angiogenic factor. It acts as a mitogen for a variety of mesoderm- and neuroectoderm-derived cells in vitro, thus is thought to be involved in organogenesis. Multiple alternatively spliced variants encoding different isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2009]