

Product datasheet for RC227736L1V

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Metabotropic Glutamate Receptor 5 (GRM5) (NM_001143831) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Metabotropic Glutamate Receptor 5 (GRM5) (NM_001143831) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Metabotropic Glutamate Receptor 5
Synonyms: GPRC1E; mGlu5; MGLUR5; PPP1R86

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001143831

ORF Size: 3636 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC227736).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001143831.1</u>

RefSeq ORF: 3639 bp Locus ID: 2915 UniProt ID: P41594

Cytogenetics: 11q14.2-q14.3

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane





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Protein Pathways: Calcium signaling pathway, Gap junction, Huntington's disease, Long-term depression, Long-

term potentiation, Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction

MW: 132.47 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the G-protein coupled receptor 3 protein family. The

encoded protein is a metabatropic glutamate receptor, whose signaling activates a

phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system. This protein may be involved in the regulation of neural network activity and synaptic plasticity. Glutamatergic neurotransmission

is involved in most aspects of normal brain function and can be perturbed in many

neuropathologic conditions. A pseudogene of this gene has been defined on chromosome 11. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, May 2014]