

Product datasheet for RC227594L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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RPL28 (NM 001136136) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: RPL28 (NM_001136136) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: L28 Synonyms:

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Vector:

pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Myc-DDK Tag:

NM 001136136 ACCN:

ORF Size: 261 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC227594).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

MW:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 001136136.1, NP 001129608.1

RefSeq ORF: 264 bp Locus ID: 6158 **UniProt ID:** P46779 Cytogenetics: 19q13.42 **Protein Pathways:** Ribosome 9.9 kDa







Gene Summary:

Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a ribosomal protein that is a component of the 60S subunit. The protein belongs to the L28E family of ribosomal proteins. It is located in the cytoplasm. Variable expression of this gene in colorectal cancers compared to adjacent normal tissues has been observed, although no correlation between the level of expression and the severity of the disease has been found. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.[provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]