

## Product datasheet for RC227585L3V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## DAZAP2 (NM\_001136269) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: DAZAP2 (NM 001136269) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: DAZAP2
Synonyms: PRTB

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

**ACCN:** NM\_001136269

ORF Size: 459 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC227585).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

MW:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeq:** NM 001136269.1, NP 001129741.1

16 kDa

 RefSeq ORF:
 462 bp

 Locus ID:
 9802

 UniProt ID:
 Q15038

 Cytogenetics:
 12q13.13







## **Gene Summary:**

This gene encodes a proline-rich protein which interacts with the deleted in azoospermia (DAZ) and the deleted in azoospermia-like gene through the DAZ-like repeats. This protein also interacts with the transforming growth factor-beta signaling molecule SARA (Smad anchor for receptor activation), eukaryotic initiation factor 4G, and an E3 ubiquitinase that regulates its stability in splicing factor containing nuclear speckles. The encoded protein may function in various biological and pathological processes including spermatogenesis, cell signaling and transcription regulation, formation of stress granules during translation arrest, RNA splicing, and pathogenesis of multiple myeloma. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]