

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Product datasheet for RC227350L4V

L1CAM (NM_001143963) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	L1CAM (NM_001143963) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	L1CAM
Synonyms:	CAML1; CD171; HSAS; HSAS1; MASA; MIC5; N-CAM-L1; N-CAML1; NCAM-L1; S10; SPG1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001143963
ORF Size:	3744 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC227350).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 001143963.1</u>
RefSeq ORF:	3747 bp
Locus ID:	3897
UniProt ID:	<u>P32004</u>
Cytogenetics:	Xq28
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Axon guidance, Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs)
MW:	138.91 kDa



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Gene Summary:The protein encoded by this gene is an axonal glycoprotein belonging to the immunoglobulin
supergene family. The ectodomain, consisting of several immunoglobulin-like domains and
fibronectin-like repeats (type III), is linked via a single transmembrane sequence to a
conserved cytoplasmic domain. This cell adhesion molecule plays an important role in
nervous system development, including neuronal migration and differentiation. Mutations in
the gene cause X-linked neurological syndromes known as CRASH (corpus callosum
hypoplasia, retardation, aphasia, spastic paraplegia and hydrocephalus). Alternative splicing
of this gene results in multiple transcript variants, some of which include an alternate exon
that is considered to be specific to neurons. [provided by RefSeq, May 2013]

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