

## Product datasheet for **RC227285L3V**

### ERG (NM\_001136154) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	ERG (NM_001136154) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	ERG
Synonyms:	erg-3; p55
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_001136154
ORF Size:	1458 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC227285).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_001136154.1</a> , <a href="#">NP_001129626.1</a>
RefSeq ORF:	1461 bp
Locus ID:	2078
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P11308</a>
Cytogenetics:	21q22.2
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors
MW:	54.4 kDa



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**Gene Summary:**

This gene encodes a member of the erythroblast transformation-specific (ETS) family of transcription factors. All members of this family are key regulators of embryonic development, cell proliferation, differentiation, angiogenesis, inflammation, and apoptosis. The protein encoded by this gene is mainly expressed in the nucleus. It contains an ETS DNA-binding domain and a PNT (pointed) domain which is implicated in the self-association of chimeric oncoproteins. This protein is required for platelet adhesion to the subendothelium, inducing vascular cell remodeling. It also regulates hematopoiesis, and the differentiation and maturation of megakaryocytic cells. This gene is involved in chromosomal translocations, resulting in different fusion gene products, such as TMPSSR2-ERG and NDRG1-ERG in prostate cancer, EWS-ERG in Ewing's sarcoma and FUS-ERG in acute myeloid leukemia. More than two dozens of transcript variants generated from combinatorial usage of three alternative promoters and multiple alternative splicing events have been reported, but the full-length nature of many of these variants has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2014]