

## Product datasheet for RC226931L3V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Amyloid Precursor Protein (APP) (NM\_001136130) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** Amyloid Precursor Protein (APP) (NM\_001136130) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral

Particle

Symbol: APP

Synonyms: AAA; ABETA; ABPP; AD1; alpha-sAPP; APPI; CTFgamma; CVAP; PN-II; PN2; preA4

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

**ACCN:** NM 001136130

ORF Size: 2142 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC226931).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeq:** <u>NM 001136130.2</u>

RefSeq Size: 3480 bp
RefSeq ORF: 2145 bp
Locus ID: 351

UniProt ID: P05067

Cytogenetics: 21q21.3

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Transmembrane





## Amyloid Precursor Protein (APP) (NM\_001136130) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC226931L3V

**Protein Pathways:** Alzheimer's disease

MW: 80.8 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a cell surface receptor and transmembrane precursor protein that is

cleaved by secretases to form a number of peptides. Some of these peptides are secreted and can bind to the acetyltransferase complex APBB1/TIP60 to promote transcriptional activation, while others form the protein basis of the amyloid plaques found in the brains of patients with Alzheimer disease. In addition, two of the peptides are antimicrobial peptides, having been shown to have bacteriocidal and antifungal activities. Mutations in this gene have been implicated in autosomal dominant Alzheimer disease and cerebroarterial amyloidosis

(cerebral amyloid angiopathy). Multiple transcript variants encoding several different

isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2014]