

Product datasheet for **RC226872L4V**

CD299 (CLEC4M) (NM_001144906) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	CD299 (CLEC4M) (NM_001144906) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	CD299
Synonyms:	CD209L; CD299; DC-SIGN2; DC-SIGNR; DCSIGNR; HP10347; L-SIGN; LSIGN
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001144906
ORF Size:	789 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC226872).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_001144906.1
RefSeq ORF:	792 bp
Locus ID:	10332
UniProt ID:	Q9H2X3
Cytogenetics:	19p13.2
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
MW:	29.9 kDa



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Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a C-type lectin that functions in cell adhesion and pathogen recognition. This receptor recognizes a wide range of evolutionarily divergent pathogens with a large impact on public health, including tuberculosis mycobacteria, and viruses including Ebola, hepatitis C, HIV-1, influenza A, West Nile virus and the SARS-CoV acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus. The protein is organized into four distinct domains: a C-terminal carbohydrate recognition domain, a flexible tandem-repeat neck domain of variable length, a transmembrane region and an N-terminal cytoplasmic domain involved in internalization. This gene is closely related in terms of both sequence and function to a neighboring gene, CD209 (Gene ID: 30835), also known as DC-SIGN. The two genes differ in viral recognition and expression patterns, with this gene showing high expression in endothelial cells of the liver, lymph node and placenta. Polymorphisms in the tandem repeat neck domain are associated with resistance to SARS infection. [provided by RefSeq, May 2020]