

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## Product datasheet for RC226492L1V

## APC (NM\_001127511) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

## **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	APC (NM_001127511) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	APC
Synonyms:	BTPS2; DESMD; DP2; DP2.5; DP3; GS; PPP1R46
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_001127511
ORF Size:	8529 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC226492).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 001127511.1, NP 001120983.1</u>
RefSeq ORF:	8478 bp
Locus ID:	324
UniProt ID:	<u>P25054</u>
Cytogenetics:	5q22.2
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
Protein Pathways:	Basal cell carcinoma, Colorectal cancer, Endometrial cancer, Pathways in cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton, Wnt signaling pathway



View online »

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US

	APC (NM_001127511) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC226492L1V
MW:	311.5 kDa
Gene Summary:	This gene encodes a tumor suppressor protein that acts as an antagonist of the Wnt signaling pathway. It is also involved in other processes including cell migration and adhesion, transcriptional activation, and apoptosis. Defects in this gene cause familial adenomatous polyposis (FAP), an autosomal dominant pre-malignant disease that usually progresses to malignancy. Mutations in the APC gene have been found to occur in most colorectal cancers. Disease-associated mutations tend to be clustered in a small region designated the mutation cluster region (MCR) and result in a truncated protein product. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2019]

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US